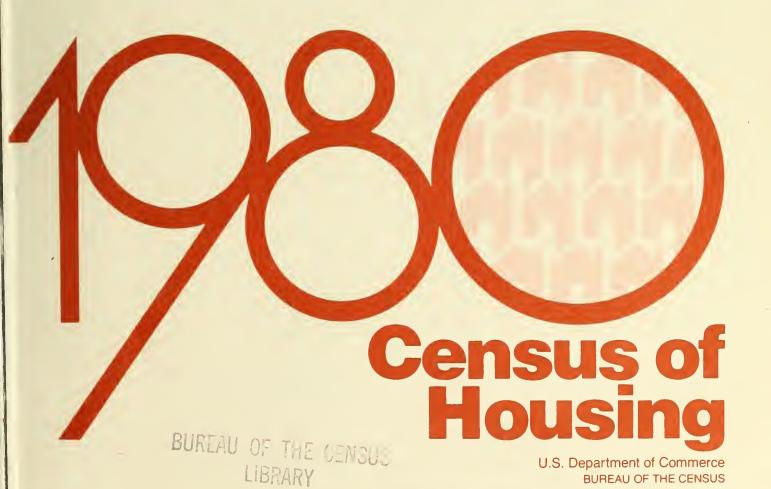
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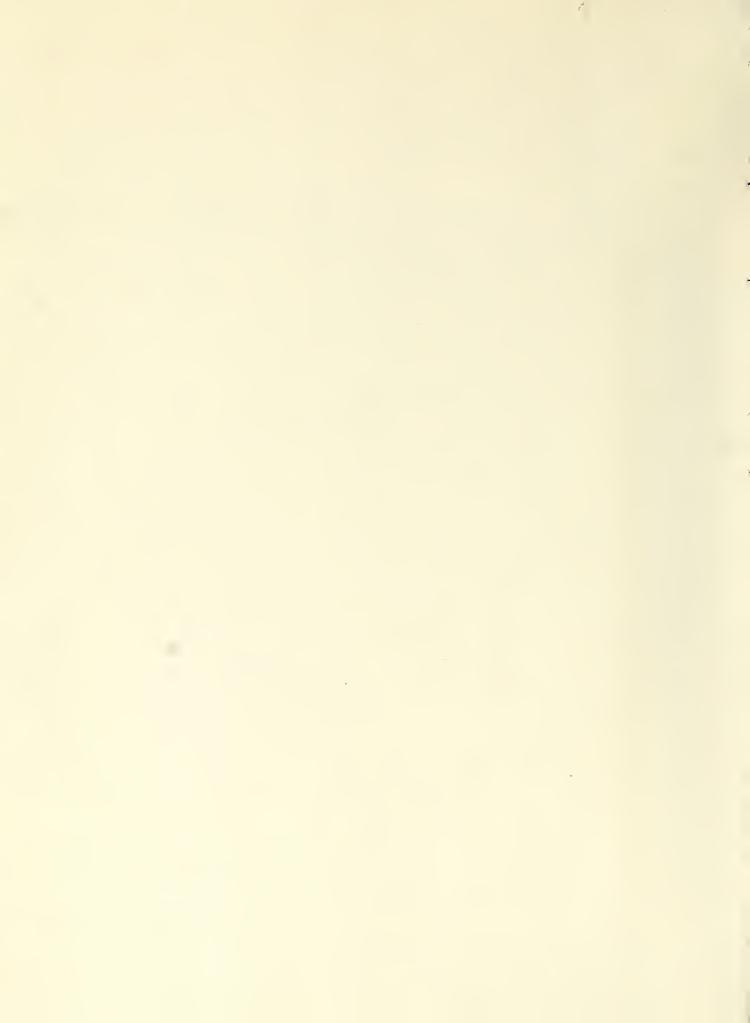
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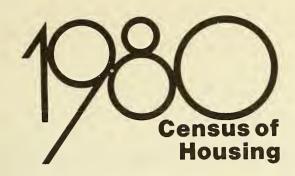
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

RENO, NEV.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







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VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

RENO, NEV.

HC80-2-300

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

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C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

For list of contents see page IX.	
	Table
Value	1, 14, 25, 36, 47, 58
Gross Rent	2, 15, 26, 37, 48, 59
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units	3, 16, 27, 38, 49, 60
Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units	4, 17, 28, 39, 50, 61
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units	5, 18, 29, 40, 51, 62
Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units	6, 19, 30, 41, 52, 63
Year Structure Built	7, 20, 31, 42, 53, 64
Units in Structure	8, 21, 32, 43, 54, 65
Size of Household	9, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66
Household Composition and Age of Householder	10, 23, 34, 45, 56, 67
One-Person Households	11, 24, 35, 46, 57, 68
Duration of Vacancy	12
Price Asked and Rent Asked	13
BURFAU OF THE CENSUS	

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List of HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics, Reports

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
1	U.S. Summary	41	Rhode Island	77	Atlanta, Ga.	114	Charleston-North
2	Alabama	42	South Carolina	78	Atlantic City, N.J.		Charleston, S.C.
3	Alaska	43	South Dakota	79	Augusta, GaS.C.	115	Charleston, W. Va.
4	Arizona	44	Tennessee	80	Austin, Tex.		
5	Arkansas	45	Texas			116	Charlotte-Gastonia, N.C.
				81	Bakersfield, Calif.	117	Charlottesville, Va.
6	California	46	Utah	82	Baltimore, Md.	118	Chattanooga, TennGa.
7	Colorado	47	Vermont	83	Bangor, Maine	119	Chicago, III.
8	Connecticut	48	Virginia	84	Baton Rouge, La.		
9	Delaware	49	Washington	85	Battle Creek, Mich.	120	Chico, Calif.
10	Not assigned	50	West Virginia	86	Bay City, Mich.	121	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.
				87	Beaumont-Port Arthur-	122	Clarksville-Hopkinsville,
11	Florida	51	Wisconsin	0,	Orange, Tex.		Tenn,-Ky.
12	Georgia	52	Wyoming	88	Bellingham, Wash.	123	Cleveland, Ohio
13	Hawaii	53	Puerto Rico	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
14	Idaho	54	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.	125	Columbia, Mo.
15	Illinois	55	Not assigned		5 mings, monte		
4.0				91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	126	Columbia, S.C.
16	Indiana	56	N ot assigned	92	Binghamton, N.YPa.	127	Columbus, GaAla.
17	lowa	57	Not assigned	93	Birmingham, Ala.	128	Columbus, Ohio
18	Kansas	58	Abilene, Tex.	94	Bismarck, N. Dak.	129	Corpus Christi, Tex.
19	Kentucky Louisiana	59	Akron, Ohio	95	Bloomington, Ind.	130	Cumberland, MdW. Va.
20	Louisiana	60	Albany, Ga.	0.0	DI		·
21	Maine			96	Bloomington-Normal, III.	131	Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex.
22	Maryland	61	Albany-Schenectady-	97	Boise City, Idaho	132	Danbury, Conn.
23	Massachusetts		Troy, N.Y.	98	Boston, Mass.	133	Danville, Va.
24	Michigan	62	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	99	Bradenton, Fla.	134	Davenport-Rock Island-
25	Minnesota	63	Alexandria, La.	100	Bremerton, Wash.		Moline, Lowa-III.
		64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton,	101	Bridgeport, Conn.	135	Dayton, Ohio
26	Mississippi	0.5	PaN.J.	101	Bristol, Conn.		
27	Missouri	65	Altoona, Pa.	102	Brockton, Mass.	136	Daytona Beach, Fla.
28	Montana	0.0	A	103	Brownsville-Harlingen-	137	Decatur, III.
29	Nebraska	66	Amarillo, Tex.	104	San Benito, Tex.	138	Denver-Boulder, Colo.
30	Nevada	67	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	105	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	139	Des Moines, Iowa
21	Many III and a de Care	co	•	103	bryan-conege otation, rex.	140	Detroit, Mich.
31	New Hampshire	68	Anchorage, Alaska	100	Buffalo, N.Y.		,
32	New Jersey	69 70	Anderson, Ind.	106 107		141	Dubuque, Iowa
33	New Mexico	70	Anderson, S.C.	107	Burlington, N.C.	142	Duluth-Superior, Minn.
34 35	New York	71	Ann Arbor, Mich.	109	Burlington, Vt. Caguas, P.R.		Wis.
30	North Carolina	71 72	Anniston, Ala.	110	Caguas, P. R. Canton, Ohio	143	Eau Claire, Wis.
36	North Dakota	73	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	110	Canton, Onto	144	El Paso, Tex.
37	Ohio	73 74	Arecibo, P.R.	111	Casper, Wy o.	145	Elkhart, Ind.
38	O klahoma	75	Asheville, N.C.	112	Casper, wyo. Cedar Rapids, Iowa		
39	Oregon	. , ,	Autoville, IV.O.	113	Champaign-Urbana-	146	Elmira, N.Y.
40	Pennsylvania	76	Athens, Ga.	113	Rantoul, III.	147	Enid, Okla.
	,				Talleday Till		a, oa.

Repor		Report	A	Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
148	Erie, Pa.	187	Indianapolis, Ind.	227	Louisville, KyInd.	265	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-
149	Eugene-Springfield, Oreg.	188	Iowa City, Iowa	228	Lowell, MassN.H.		Portsmouth, VaN.C.
150	Evansville, IndKy.	189	Jackson, Mich.	229	Lubbock, Tex.		
		190	Jackson, Miss.	230	Lynchburg, Va.	266	Northeast Pennsylvania
151	Fall River, MassR.I.		·		, , , ,	267	Norwalk, Conn.
152	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak	191	Jacksonville, Fla.	231	Macon, Ga.	268	Ocala, Fla.
102	Minn.	192	Jacksonville, N.C.	232	Madison, Wis.	269	O dessa, Tex.
153	Fayetteville, N.C.	193	Janesville-Beloit, Wis.	233	Manchester, N.H.	270	Oklahoma City, Okla.
154	Fayetteville-Springdale,	194	Jersey City, N.J.	234	Mansfield, Ohio		o manoma o ny, o ma
	Ark.	195	Johnson City-Kingsport-	235	Mayaguez, P.R.	271	Olympia, Wash.
155	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.		Bristol, TennVa.			272	Omaha, NebrIowa
	,			236	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg,	273	Orlando, Fla.
156	Flint, Mich.	196	Johnstown, Pa.		Tex.	274	Owensboro, Ky.
157	Florence, Ala.	197	Joplin, Mo.	237	Medford, Oreg.	275	Oxnard-Simi Valley-
158	Florence, S.C.	198	Kalamazoo-Portage, Mich.	238	Melbourne-Titusville-		Ventura, Calif.
159	Fort Collins, Colo.	199	Kankakee, III.		Cocoa, Fla.		
160	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood,	200	Kansas City, MoKans.			276	Banama City Ela
	Fla.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	239	Memphis, TennArk	277	Panama City, Fla. Parkersburg-Marietta,
		201	Kenosha, Wis.		Miss.	211	W. VaOhio
161	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, Fla.	202	Killeen-Temple, Tex.	240	Meriden, Conn.	278	Pascagoula-Moss Point,
162	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	202	Knoxville, Tenn.		,	270	Miss.
163	Fort Walton Beach, Fla.	203	Kokomo, Ind.	241	Miami, Fla.	279	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.
164	Fort Wayne, Ind.	205	La Crosse, Wis.	242	Midland, Tex.	280	Pensacola, Fla.
165	Fresno, Calif.	203	La 010356, 4415.	243	Milwaukee, Wis.	200	i ciisacora, i ia.
		206	Lafayette, La.	244	Minneapolis-St. Paul,	281	Peoria, III.
166	Gadsden, Ala.		Lafayette-West Lafayette,		MinnWis.	282	Petersburg-Colonial
167	Gainesville, Fla.	20,	Ind.	245	Mobile, Ala.		Heights-Hopewell, Va.
168	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	208	Lake Charles, La.		·	283	Philadelphia, PaN.J.
169	Gary-Hammond-East		Lakeland-Winter Haven,	246	Modesto, Calif.	284	Phoenix, Ariz.
	Chicago, Ind.		Fla.	247	Monroe, La.	285	Pine Bluff, Ark.
170	Glens Falls, N.Y.	210	Lancaster, Pa.	248	Montgomery, Ala.		·
				249	Muncie, Ind.	286	Pittsburgh, Pa.
171	Grand Forks, N.Dak	211	Lansing-East Lansing,	250	Muskegon-Norton Shores-	287	Pittsfield, Mass.
17.1	Minn.		Mich.		Muskegon Heights, Mich.	288	Ponce, P.R.
172	Grand Rapids, Mich.	212	Laredo, Tex.			289	Portland, Maine
173	Great Falls, Mont.	213	Las Cruces, N. Mex.	251	Nashua, N.H.	290	Portland, OregWash.
174	Greeley, Colo.		Las Vegas, Nev.	252	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.		
175	Green Bay, Wis.	215	Lawrence, Kans.	253	Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.	291	Portsmouth-Dover-
	2.7,				New Bedford, Mass.		Rochester, N.HMaine
176	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-	216	Lawrence-Haverhill,	255	New Britain, Conn.	292	Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
.,,	High Point, N.C.	0.47	MassN.H.			293	Providence-Warwick-
177	Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C.		Lawton, Okla.	256	New Brunswick-Perth		Pawtucket, R.IMass.
178	Hagerstown, Md.		Lewiston-Auburn, Maine		Amboy-Sayreville, N.J.	294	Provo-Orem, Utah
179	Hamilton-Middletown,		Lexington-Fayette, Ky.	257	New Haven-West Haven,	295	Pueblo, Colo.
	Ohio	220	Lima, Ohio		Conn.		
180	Harrisburg, Pa.	221	Literatur Make	258	New London-Norwich,	296	Racine, Wis.
	-		Lincoln, Nebr.	050	ConnR.I.		Raleigh-Durham, N.C.
181	Hartford, Conn.	222	Little Rock-North Little	259	New Orleans, La.		Reading, Pa.
182	Hickory, N.C.	222	Rock, Ark.	260	New York, N.YN.J.		Redding, Calif.
183	Honolulu, Hawaii	223	Long Branch-Asbury			300	Reno, Nev.
184	Houston, Tex.	224	Park, N.J. Longview-Marshall, Tex.		Newark, N.J.		
185	Huntington-Ashland,		Longview-warshall, Tex. Lorain-Elyria, Ohio	262	Newark, Ohio	301	Richland-Kennewick-
.00	W. VaKyOhio	223	Lui aini-Liyiia, Uiilu	263	Newburgh-Middletown,	0.00	Pasco, Wash.
		220	Los Angoles Long Darah		N.Y.		Richmond, Va.
100	Huntavillo Ala	226	Los Angeles-Long Beach,	264	Newport News-Hampton,	303	Riverside-San Bernardino-
186	Huntsville, Ala.		Calif.		Va.		Ontario, Calif.

Report		Report	A	Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
304	Roanoke, Va.	323	San Juan, P.R.	343	State College, Pa.	362	Vineland-Millville-
305	Rochester, Minn.	324	Santa Barbara-Santa	344	Steubenville-Weirton,		Bridgeton, N.J.
000	Trophostor, minn.	02.	Maria-Lompoc, Calif.		Ohio-W. Va.	363	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville,
306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Santa Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.		Calif.
307	Rockford, III.					364	Waco, Tex.
308	Rock Hill, S.C.	326	Santa Rosa, Calif.	346	Syracuse, N.Y.	365	Washington, D.CMdVa.
309	Sacramento, Calif.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.	200	Matanhum Cana
310	Saginaw, Mich.	328	Savannah, Ga.	348	Tallahassee, Fla.	366	Waterbury, Conn.
		329	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	349	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	367	Waterloo-Cedar Falls,
311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.	368	Wausau, Wis.
312	St. Joseph, Mo.					369	West Palm Beach-Boca
313	St. Louis, MoIII.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex	300	Raton, Fla.
314	Salem, Oreg.	332	Sherman-Denison, Tex.		Texarkana, Ark.	370	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
315	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey,	333	Shreveport, La.	352	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	370	wheeling, w. va. eme
	Calif.	334	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	353	Topeka, Kans.	371	Wichita, Kans.
		335	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	354	Trenton, N.J.	371	Wichita Falls, Tex.
316	Salisbury-Concord, N.C.			355	Tucson, Ariz.	372	William sport, Pa.
317	Salt Lake City-Ogden,	336	South Bend, Ind.		·	373	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
0	Utah	337	Spokane, Wash.	356	Tulsa, Okla.	375	Wilmington, N.C.
318	San Angelo, Tex.	338	Springfield, III.	357	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	3/3	Willington, W.O.
319	San Antonio, Tex.	339	Springfield, Mo.	358	Tyler, Tex.	376	Worcester, Mass.
320	San Diego, Calif.	340	Springfield, Ohio	359	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	377	· ·
320	our Bicgo, cum.	0.0	opringriora, emis		Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa,	378	Yakima, Wash.
221	Con Eropoison Oakland	241	Carinafield Chicanos	360			York, Pa.
321	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	341	Springfield-Chicopee- Holyoke, MassConn.		Calif.	379	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio
322	San Jose, Calif.	342	Stamford, Conn.	361	Victoria, Tex.	380	Yuba City, Calif.
		0.=		001			



APPENDIXES

A.	Area Classifications
В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject CharacteristicsB—
C.	General Enumeration and Processing Procedures
D.	Accuracy of the Data
E.	Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages
F.	Publication and Computer Tape Program F-

Introduction

GENERAL	VII
CONTENTS OF THE REPORT	VII
DERIVED FIGURES (Means,	
Medians, and Percents)	VIII
SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC	
ABBREVIATIONS	VIII
SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR	
CONFIDENTIALITY	VIII

GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "—" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

RENO, NEV.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-300

Contents

Arrangement of Tables	Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables	Page
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	. IX
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	. >
origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide —shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	. XII
follows:	Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, Independent City, and Other Selected Places	. XIV

INDEX OF TABLES

Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area	Prefix letter Total		Tables 14-24 White	Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian and Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Reno	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24		=	=		_

LIST OF TABLES

(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

TABLES

- 1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980
- 7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980
- Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980
- 12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980
- 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980
- 14. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 15. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 16. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 17. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 18. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 20. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 21. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 22. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 23. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 24. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980
- 25. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 26. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 27. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 28. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 29. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 30. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 31. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 32. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 33. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 34. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980
- 35. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

TABLES

- 36. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 37. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 38. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 39. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 40. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 41. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 43. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 45. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 46. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980
- 47. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 48. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 49. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

TABLES

- Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 53. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 54. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 56. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 57. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980
- 58. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 59. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 60. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 61. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 62. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 63. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 64. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 65. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied
 Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 66. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder by Size of Household: 1980
- 67. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980
- 68. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980

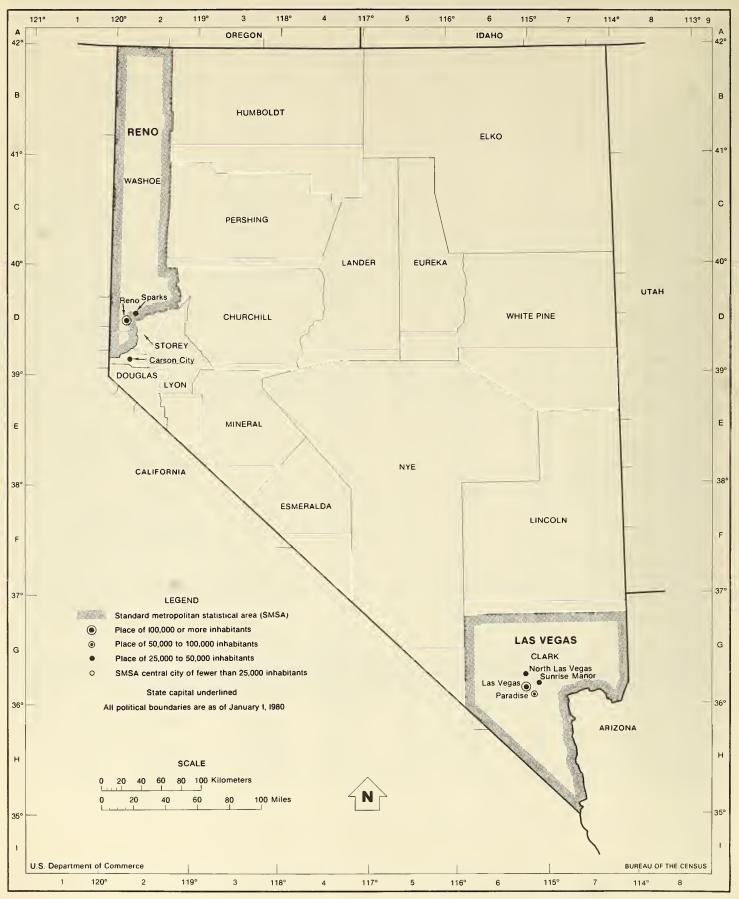
Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	1		_ 3	- 4	_ 5	_ 6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	_ _ _ 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	=	=	 5 	
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	-	-
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- - -	- -	_ _ 3	-	5 -	6 -
percentage of household income Contract rent	- - -	-	= =	4 4 -	5 - - -	6
household income. Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	1	2	3	4	_ _	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 	4 - -	5 - -	6 - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25 36	15 26 37	16 27 38	17 28 39	18 29 40	19 30 41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47 58	48 59	49 60	50 61	51 62	52 63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Carried Control of the Control of th						,	
Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	_ _			=	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	- - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	_ _ _	9 - -	- - -	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - - -	1111	- - - -	12 - - - -	-
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- -	_ _ _	9 -	=	- - 11	_ 12 _	= -
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income Contract rent	- - -	- - -	9 - 9 -	1	11 - 11 -	- - - 12	- - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	- -	-	9	10	11 -	- -	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	- 9 9	1	_ 11 11	- - -	_ _ _
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro							
White	20 31 42	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34 45	24 35 46	-	- - -
Asian and Pacific Islander	53 64	54 65	55 66	56 67	57 68		

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, Independent City, and Other Selected Places



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Ooto ore estimot	res bosed on	o somple, see	e introduction	. For meanin	g or symbols	, see introduc	tion. For det	initions of fer	ms, see oppen	dixes A ond 8	J	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	30 444	44	238	418	600	1 334	2 841	10 781	6 105	4 896	3 187	77 900	92 900
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	22 162 407 4 598 5 815 8 733 2 609 3 227 198 1 015 747 879 388 5 055 133 686 882 1 882 1 472 46.3	25 6 8 11 4 4 4 15 - 6 6 9 70.8	113	236 4 11 12 103 106 62 62 19 15 15 23 120 13 20 42 45 61.9	339 15 39 77 77 125 83 86 6 17 11 135 175 - 3 13 72 87 55.7	855 7 97 84 374 293 140 6 50 24 339 5 5 9 21 114 190 59,9	1 764 400 377 294 657 396 26 855 60 71 54 781 23 249 248 50.5	7 538 239 2 045 1 645 2 837 772 1 551 590 578 251 343 899 1 892 666 339 374 7188 395 43.9	4 891 84 1 083 1 551 1 784 389 525 20 173 145 126 689 ——————————————————————————————————	3 862 	2 539 18 300 798 1 181 242 277 7 36 91 96 47 371 16 38 57 146 114	80 800 69 100 77 100 89 900 69 600 73 100 74 100 69 400 75 000 69 400 68 100 69 600 64 900 64 900 64 900 64 900 64 900	96 200 73 900 88 600 104 209 99 900 76 800 87 400 94 800 91 300 82 200 88 800 77 200 88 4 700 77 900
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	5 032 10 456 5 418 5 936 3 602	- 4 8 16 16	77 60 36 34 31	9 72 97 77 163	55 60 130 172 183	135 250 231 312 406	366 707 428 803 537	1 910 3 525 2 006 2 119 1 221	969 2 598 967 1 030 541	827 1 994 883 858 334	684 1 186 632 515 170	79 600 83 800 77 600 74 000 66 700	99 100 98 400 93 800 87 700 75 400
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	606 2 548 7 179 8 683 5 869 5 559 6.1	13 8 6 11 - 6 4.7	33 74 83 33 6 9	46 110 168 83 11 - 4.8	33 193 251 96 27 - 4.8	50 411 464 280 80 49 4.9	115 515 1 258 711 186 56 5.1	204 709 3 474 3 873 1 860 661 5.8	58 283 828 1 923 1 800 1 213 6.5	21 201 403 1 174 1 292 1 805 7.0	33 44 244 499 607 1 760 7.8	61 400 59 100 66 100 76 100 87 100 120 400	68 400 64 900 71 700 86 000 100 600 138 500
BEDROOMS None	12 701 5 269 16 857 6 505 1 100	- 9 18 11 6 -	25 133 80 - -	- 60 168 165 25	- 66 291 216 27	96 558 581 86 13	125 1 013 1 532 148 23	182 1 787 6 897 1 799 116	74 615 3 585 1 618 213	5 33 429 2 539 1 603 287	7 31 257 1 251 1 193 448	200000 + 57 700 63 800 76 800 94 600 134 600	192 700 65 500 72 300 88 700 113 100 153 400
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	7 860 4 785 8 486 5 044 2 260 2 009	- 8 6 6 8 16	67 72 22 30 22 25	28 29 48 124 33 156	55 70 93 175 90 117	124 72 306 334 293 205	383 210 711 853 364 320	2 100 1 763 3 459 2 052 846 561	2 240 1 084 1 493 703 326 259	1 606 944 1 468 525 162 191	1 257 533 880 242 116 159	89 200 82 700 77 000 67 800 66 400 64 500	107 900 97 500 93 700 77 500 75 400 78 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion Meon	1 220 2 021 1 637 1 479 3 267 3 973 7 533 5 886 3 428 \$26 842 \$30 607	8 9 3 6 6 - 6 2 4 \$13 333 \$19 116	44 23 26 22 25 47 37 14 - \$15 526 \$17 196	42 67 41 69 84 40 47 23 5 \$14 638 \$16 619	84 69 57 75 55 109 81 70 - \$16 293 \$18 378	93 241 195 131 207 149 187 103 28 \$15 108 \$18 072	181 368 174 189 463 496 590 307 73 \$20 392 \$21 452	360 639 648 576 1 449 1 743 3 057 1 914 395 \$24 924 \$25 728	153 294 241 207 532 820 1 872 1 475 511 \$29 338 \$30 561	96 217 144 131 313 316 1 214 1 326 1 139 \$35 135 \$38 292	159 94 108 73 133 253 442 652 1 273 \$41 721 \$54 094	65 400 66 500 68 300 69 200 70 100 72 100 78 300 86 800 129 900	84 900 76 000 78 500 74 300 77 400 82 200 88 700 99 800 145 200
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent 30 percent 30 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Median	23 937 6 133 6 2 55 3 958 2 871 1 820 4 759 141 21.99 6 507 3 157 1 298 612 343 356 192 469 80 10.2	18 8 6 6	115 56 7 7 15 9 - 16.1 123 33 67 33 7 7 7 7 9 9 4 3 30 10	170 36 15 47 43 5 24 - 23.6 248 128 38 18 22 6 - 36 -	331 97 42 59 13 14 100 6 22,0 269 137 55 16 33 20 8 - 10—	677 205 79 83 115 61 121 13 22.99 657 197 147 73 67 61 61	1 997 522 384 296 221 126 434 14 21.4 844 396 161 89 39 62 62 30 56 61 11	8 968 2 375 1 530 1 464 1 073 692 1 810 21.9 1 813 882 4005 130 74 95 98 88 124 15 10.2	5 049 1 196 969 992 661 409 792 30 21,7 1 056 523 169 144 40 70 70 70 70 70	4 137 1 064 859 668 452 320 749 25 21 0 759 419 162 40 28 26 22 49 13	2 475 574 334 284 193 697 29 24.3 712 385 125 56 24 36 12 61 13	79 200 78 000 81 100 80 300 79 200 18 300 79 200 178 300 74 4000 72 100 60 500 61 500 68 000 70 300 68 000 90 700	94 600 91 800 94 700 91 7700 93 500 99 900 109 300 86 800 90 100 84 800 80 600 73 400 73 400 73 400 79 500 104 000
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	30 396 408 48 - 30 438 27 031 8 119 4 323 1 215 4.0	35 2 9 - 44 29 - - 8 18.2	238 11 - 238 194 78 35 51 21.4	418 15 - 418 322 86 26 42 10.0	596 9 4 	1 334 24 - 1 334 1 079 245 78 84 6.3	2 834 109 7 2 841 2 362 667 246 162 5.7	10 768 124 13 - 10 781 9 355 2 816 1 080 383 3.6	6 097 53 8 - 6 105 5 599 1 708 1 023 187 3.1	4 896 52 - 4 896 4 592 1 341 979 108 2.2	3 180 9 7 - 3 181 2 995 933 796 152 4.8	77 900 65 500 71 500 - 77 900 79 300 79 400 92 000 69 000	92 900 72 600 82 000 - 92 900 94 800 95 300 110 900 86 600

Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimote	s bosed on o	somple, see in	troduction. For	r meoning or s	symbols, see ill	roduction. ro	i delililions of	ternis, see opp	Jendixes A one	. •,	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	33 625	673	751	1 699	3 351	4 249	5 830	5 186	5 557	5 583	746	349
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple fomilies	11 417	28	157	330	753	988	1 716	1 826	2 446	2 841	332	393
15 to 24 years	1 776 3 754	_	34 34	44 86	173 205	158 326	406 524	388 675	332 908	216 939	25 57	358 400
25 to 34 yeors	1 968	6 12	27	9 84	55 228	103 234	231 356	245 377	456 621	785 780	78 112	465 407
45 to 64 years ond over	1 088	10	62	107 857	92 1 466	167 1 526	199 2 215	141 1 687	129 1 627	121 1 380	60 194	319 328
Mole householder, no wife present	2 755	254 18	362	169	286	234	604 797	522 605	512 597	367 604	34 17	328 354 339 333 302
25 to 34 yeors	3 994 1 518	9 24	21 22	201 114	504 202	639 186	292	186	285	173	34 64	333
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors ond over	2 348 953	50 153	129 181	203 170	350 124	395 72	414 108	318 56	211	214	45	181 332
Female householder, no husband present	10 640 2 217	391 17	232 31	512 59	1 132 230	1 735 397	1 899 418	1 673 538	1 484 311	1 362 209	220 7	344
15 to 24 yeors25 to 34 yeors	2 911 1 445	23	14	114 85	240 127	498 156	539 276	438 197	511 267	510 299	47 7	344 353 361
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	2 339	60	45	115	301 234	488 196	399 267	329 171	298 97	241 103	63 96	316 256
65 yeors ond overMedion oge	1 728 34.3	291 69.3	134 65.1	43.7	36.1	33.8	31.9	31.0	32.8	34.7	52.8	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	00 (05	240	352	705	1 660	2 289	3 693	3 510	3 850	4 165	222	368
1979 to Morch 1980	20 695 9 179	249 198	158	584 217	1 082 422	1 400	1 620 269	1 247 318	1 371 230	1 236	283 117	332 280
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 361 1 066	106 97	162 56	182	138	149	184	68	99	36	57 67	260 283
1959 or eorlier	324	23	23	11	49	37	64	43	′	_	07	203
ROOMS 1 room	2 946	162	223	390	806 413	516 757	245 811	167 285	104 99	301 88	32 90	239 287
2 rooms	3 130 7 756	80 273	139 197	368 581	957	1 568	2 244	1 147 2 571	498 2 355	200 1 042	91	287 306 368
4 rooms5 rooms	10 368 5 739	114 34	132 48	251 84	814 275	299	525	818	1 693	1 836	255 127	443 500+
6 rooms	2 283 1 403	10	4 8	10 15	67 19	104	93 52	163 35	534 274	901	83 68	500+
Medion	3.8	2.8	2.6	2.7	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.9	4.4	5.1	4.1	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												240
All income levels in 1979Complete plumbing for exclusive use	33 625 32 786	673 632	751 671	1 699 1 509	3 351 3 031	4 249 4 195	5 830 5 773	5 186 5 120	5 557 5 539	5 583 5 583	746 733	349 352
0.50 or less	19 163	465 161	355 284 26	938 499	1 683 1 224	2 569	3 575 1 997	3 092	3 099 2 188	2 853 2 472	534 177	346 364 377 299
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	817	6	26	24 48	45 79	101 209	119 82	145	163 89	170 88	18	377 299
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	037	41	80	190	320 8	54 24	57	66	18	_	13	1 213 1
0.50 or less	644	41	22 51	36 143	295		38 10	35	13	-	7	252 212 325
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	. 10	_	7	11	17	9	"-		_	_	-	206
Income in 1979 below poverty level	3 515	290 279	163 123	196 175	441 392	519 510	555 540	531 524	320 320	393 393	107 100	309 314
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	. 297	6	40	27	40	78 9	30 15	28	- 44	40	4 7	297 202
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	159	11	7	3	8	-	-	_	-	-	-	167
BEDROOMS None	3 356	185	234	462	874	612	339	198	110	310	32	243
1	. 11 510	351 120	327	936 251	1 413 892	2 475	3 390 1 915	1 572 3 096	589 3 475	246 1 917	211 317	302 384
3	4 814	17		50	172		159	306	1 302	2 483 535	137 36	500+ 500+
45 or more	689	[-	-	-	-	. 13	6	-	21	92	13	500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	9 682	78	115	383	734	782	908	837	2 291	3 244	310	437
1, detached or ottoched	2 169	29	46	106	316 376	328	338 450	222 432	493 512	240 384	51 37	335 339
3 ond 45 to 9	3 378	146	59	290 472	581 905	536		463 1 643	324 898	394 502	24 222	306 323
10 to 49	5 942	171	126	174	274 165	656	1 501	1 437	815 224	761 58	27 75	352 314
Mobile home or trailer, etc YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	1 214	12	44	107	103	1/1		,,,,				
1975 to Morch 1980		220			436 522			1 612	1 572	2 557 842	139 137	388
1970 to 1974	6 998	221	160	305	669	1 202	1 229	967 465	1 115 775	1 001 508	129 128	336 320
1950 to 1959	_ 2 609	78	. 35	210	394	407	452	198	464 466	354 321	95 118	361 336 320 323 276
1939 or eorlierSTORIES IN STRUCTURE	3 713	75	235	526	706	500	410	342	100			į l
1 to 34 or more	_ 32 923 _ 702	565 108				4 186			5 483 74	5 542 41	7	350 286
With elevotor		92		57	50	56	114	102	74	41	7	302
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979									001	200		200
Less than 15 percent	_ 1 4 2/3	162	3 116	230	525 589	7 491	851	677	301 676	329 525		288 335 354
20 to 24 percent	5 177	156	5 149	229 241	487	7 711	694	666	1 002 710	836 764		348
30 to 34 percent	3 269	27	7 40] 149	187	7 421	673	532	1 215	636 1 056		363 363
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	6 181	20	38	223	56	798	1 035	1 092	1 014	1 391	200	369 337
Not computed Median								29.8	30.6			
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	33 565	67:	3 751	1 667	3 33	6 4 249			5 551			
Centrol heoting systemAir conditioning	28 714	60'	9 615	1 236	2 60	7 3 168 3 1 871	5 049 3 365	4 713 3 322	2 341	2 192	313	357
Centrol system			120	147	29	7 574			1 510	1 494	204	378

Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	43 112	2 117	3 573	2 675	2 460	5 142	5 762	9 964	7 176	4 243	24 838	28 647	1 974
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	29 415 727 6 013 7 174 11 743 3 758 5 415 391 1 501 1 188 1 651 684 8 282 250 1 282 1 337 3 119 2 294 47.1	618 555 68 93 2255 1777 410 18 41 91 112 148 1 089 27 91 91 91 69 26 636 62.8	1 308 28 141 102 342 695 506 39 91 50 0 141 185 1 759 63 137 274 650 635 61.0	1 098 47 112 126 412 401 526 52 120 122 176 56 1 051 50 187 204 360 250 55.1	1 261 25 206 186 448 336 335 67 70 91 70 864 6 177 185 330 166 54,3	3 094 145: 739 461 1 071 678 801 82 2220 184 249 66 1 247 48 300 300 229 490 180 47.4	4 187 176 1 173 1 006 1 441 391 777 42 277 230 197 31 197 31 198 9 9 128 176 352 133 42.6	8 142 195 2 268 2 338 507 1 010 69 345 216 333 47, 812 31 158 98 98 99 191 1134	6 162 48 942 1 805 3 078 289 586 9 212 154 177 32 428 16 655 71 173 103 46.2	3 545 8 364 1 057 1 892 224 464 13 115 114 173 49 234 - 39 31 107 57 47.9	28 346 21 846 26 859 31 684 31 342 16 517 20 707 15 841 23 378 22 239 21 039 21 039 21 039 21 3 200 11 750 12 4 442 14 648 8 942	32 588 21 523 36 183 35 965 21 4011 25 838 19 322 26 043 27 371 20 845 16 488 14 865 16 726 18 365 18 365 13 059	725 67 124 141 241 152 321 12 83 79 106 41 928 39 143 114 268 364 53.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	8 313 15 281 8 127 7 268 4 123	397 518 358 369 475	674 820 689 734 656	480 884 535 437 339	472 738 413 513 324	1 128 1 851 863 765 535	1 229 2 082 1 121 894 436	1 896 4 237 1 824 1 460 547	1 292 2 608 1 506 1 259 511	745 1 543 818 837 300	24 018 26 482 25 329 24 485 17 756	28 270 30 018 28 929 28 651 23 766	418 562 369 294 331
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol heoting system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles avoiloble 1 2 or more House hearing fuel Urility gos Sottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Medion rooms	43 000 718 112 19 43 100 38 406 8 545 41 891 10 346 31 545 43 100 25 296 25 296 2700 10 027 2 003 5.7	2 080 21 37 13 2 111 1 718 631 376 1 693 981 712 2 111 1 080 235 137 575 84 4.6	3 563 48 10 3 573 3 130 1 394 767 3 193 1 919 1 274 3 573 1 974 3 201 941 134 4.9	2 667 45 8 - 2 675 2 308 919 503 2 556 1 336 2 675 1 551 303 150 605 506	2 447 27 13 - 2 460 2 119 851 459 2 388 1 146 2 460 1 500 154 118 601 87 5,0	5 142 85 5 142 4 533 1 758 1 767 5 048 1 767 1 767 2 3 281 5 142 3 402 349 946 207 5.2	5 746 95 16 - 5 762 4 996 1 890 1 105 5 725 1 194 4 531 5 762 3 428 447 344 1 150 393 5.5	9 944 177 20 6 9 964 9 018 3 141 1 811 9 919 1 137 8 782 9 964 6 274 637 646 1 869 538 6.0	7 168 157 8 — 7 170 6 529 2 155 1 341 7 137 5578 6 578 7 170 4 174 372 461 1 7 683 395 6.4	4 243 63 	24 863 12 692 3 750 24 838 25 368 24 091 25 288 25 284 14 548 24 838 24 808 21 119 25 668 25 274 27 28 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	28 685 28 687 14 237 11 658 29 337 28 893 337 28 893 31 7 735 29 178 17 735 29 178 20 31 90 20 31 90 20 31 90 21 819 22 845	1 937 61 37 13 1 968 1 617 536 310 1 751 829 922 1 968 1 001 235 143 477 112 5.0
Specified owner-occupied housing units	30 444	1 220	2 021	1 637	1 479	3 267	3 973	7 533	5 886	3 428	26 842	30 607	1 215
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	23 937 677 1 360 1 959 1 910 2 115 4 409 3 553 4 083 3 871 \$490 6 507 6 507 1 159 531 876 1 037 1 886 1 038 1 038	694 71 72 78 81 300 89 58 119 96 \$417 526 18 32 65 76 79 170 60 26 \$148	1 133 91 137 133 71 125 237 97 127 5,403 888 27 138 165 176 100 100	1 021 88 73 1855 84 103 207 76 1355 70 \$389 616 8 34 74 74 4 98 94 146 6 133 29 92 95 95 95	1 021 41 156 99 136 87 165 144 123 70 \$395 458 - 17 55 86 126 123 34 17 17 13 19	2 405 60 170 217 260 238 543 375 267 \$445 862 32 56 61157 159 263 84 111 111 1515	3 264 67 223 338 330 293 642 543 495 333 \$460 709 12 13 13 117 155 235 81 91 91	6 539 169 235 457 663 1 359 1 152 1 307 740 \$495 994 — 5 5 99 92 133 301 228 136 136	5 019 711 227 343 383 446 829 712 956 1 052 \$530 867 8 8 8 8 - 31 63 130 295 200 140 184	2 841 19 67 109 98 140 338 396 128 \$670 587 - - 22 45 153 116 251 \$232	28 434 18 221 21 220 23 919 24 476 27 296 26 520 27 476 29 803 33 320 19 383 9 111 11 50 12 111 15 422 17 065 21 250 26 032 29 917 	31 711 21 189 23 786 25 784 26 697 28 437 29 006 32 782 33 178 44 146 26 545 14 730 11 839 15 029 18 390 21 251 28 300 51 109	810 71 48 79 67 66 122 107 149 101 \$465 405 32 38 31 50 148 46 34 34 34
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 37 percent Not computed Medion	23 937 6 133 4 255 3 958 2 871 1 820 4 759 141 21.9 6 507 3 157 1 298 612 343 356 612 343 359 192 469 80 10.2	694 	1 133 6 8 10 0 80 33 996 - 50 + 888 15 104 182 162 173 129 123 129 124.4	1 021 19 14 82 109 655 – 41.5 616 84 175 155 95 75 78 24 5 – 16.6	1 021 26 73 159 113 148 502 – 34.7 458 104 219 107 15 7 7 6 6	2 405 88 278 384 393 323 939 – 30.7 367 110 47 22 9 – 11.7	3 264 461 561 616 562 394 670 709 463 173 500 111 7 7 7	6 539 1 487 1 544 1 528 1 070 609 301 20.8 994 780 199 8 8 7	5 019 2 227 1 252 892 378 169 101 	2 841 1 819 525 287 133 35 42 — 12.6 587 576 11 — —	28 434 39 728 32 425 29 569 26 177 23 710 13 374 2500— 19 383 21 17 16 528 12 000 9 835 7 702 8 088 3 709— 	31 711 48 047 35 024 30 966 27 466 21 4 576 -2 323 26 545 18 758 11 2 633 10 034 8 825 8 689 4 151 263 	810 7 7 9 8 - 15 630 141 50+ 405 19 13 - - 9 11 273 80 50+

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA Same stage Same						Н	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
Section Sect	The SMSA			25.000 1							\$50.000			1979 below
MOUNTAIN 1		Totol		\$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999								
	Renter-occupied housing units	34 092	3 972	6 493	4 394	3 204	5 886	4 005	3 984	1 475	679	14 206	16 716	3 531
\$\frac{1}{2} \text{ \$\text{2} \text{2} \text{ \$\text{2} \text{ \$\text{2} \text{2} \text{2} \text{2} \text{2} \text{2} 2														
## 15 A Service 2 Cots 7.4 191	15 to 24 years	1 809	152	232	236	215	457	234	223	42	18	15 597	21 018 16 591	159
Make Security Services 1 1 648 3 1 8 2 339 1 625 1 640 2 690 1 270 1 150 646 286 3 1 8 10 5 290 1 270	35 to 44 years	2 025	74	101	171	138	327	384	491	285	54	22 963	20 5/3	100
15 25 26 277 330 526 441 224 530 530 226 710 9 13 64 14 18 18 18 225 237 237 237 237 248	65 years and over	1 093	112	288	178	102	154	133	71	16	39	12 058 13 618		52
1	15 to 24 years	4 038	341	524 739	567	440	810	350 430	440	176	9 95	14 614	16 943	310
First Invaluation 1	35 to 44 yeors	2 358	242	518	314	221	328	224	290		85	13 688	17 930	178
2 2 594 Septem	Female hausehalder, na husband present	10 712	1 979	2 913	1 574	1 101	1 523	758	574		96	10 737	12 485	1 742
4 S 10 6 years	25 to 34 years	2 926	297	653	511	375	445	245	291	60		12 513	15 104	351
The state The	45 to 64 years	2 369	332	723	387	258	337	183	73			10 837	12 436	319
1979 to June 1980	Median age	34.4	46.0	36.3	31.7	32.0	32.5	33.9	33.8	38.6	45.6	•••	•••	33.3
1970 1970	1979 to March 1980					1 976					337		16 325	2 394
Pumbling FACULTIES BY PESONS PER ROOM 19 438 24 430 18 157 5 100 4 000 3 955 1 452 1430 18 157 1 2 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10	1975 to 1978	2 412	400	518	257	273	316	258	236	118	36	12 784	15 372	233 [
Section Comparison Compar	1960 to 1969					75 21			73 23		52 7	9 503	16 584	
0.50 of less.		22 052	2 750	4 155	4 200	2 147	E 000	4 000	2 055	1 450	442	14 402	14 050	2 270
10 10 50 523 628 128 647 655 187 84 137 68 57 17 660 21 182 144	0.50 or less	19 438	2 443	4 047	2 794	1 811	3 354	2 061	2 050	600	278	13 100	15 543	1 764
Lacksgrounder plumbing for exclusive use 839 213 338 92 377 86 5 29 23 16 8 100 11 109 159 159 150 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	1.01 to 1.50	823	62	128	64	65	183	84	132	48	57	17 460	21 182	144
0.51 to 1.00	Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	839	213	338 41	92 17	37 14	86 16	5	29 7	23	16 -	8 100 8 693	11 059 9 428	1 59 29
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	10	_	-	5	_	5	Ξ	***	23	_	15 000	15 315	
		44	8	17	3	-	9	-	_	-	7	9 559	25 901	18
Air confidency 15 201 1 649 2 796 2 111 1 424 2 558 1 721 1 849 704 369 14 299 17 605 1 494 1 425 1 42	Heating equipment	34 032												
Vehicles overlible	Air canditianing	15 201	1 669	2 796	2 111	1 424	2 558	1 721	1 849	704	369	14 299	17 065	1 494
2 or more	Vehicles available	29 649	2 597	4 866	3 855	2 935	5 564	3 846	3 935	1 425	626	15 448	17 811	2 567
Bothled, Ionk, or IP gos	2 or moreHause heating fuel	34 032	3 944	6 474	4 381	3 204	5 886	4 005	3 984	1 475	679	14 230	16 736	3 497
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	1 144	135	278	202	82	150	86	175	28	8	11 968	14 912	150
Specified renter-occupied housing units. 33 625 3 943 6 442 4 340 3 172 5 827 3 933 3 863 1 441 664 14 145 16 644 3 515	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	4 344	460	884	460	388	786	590	475			14 871	17 728	361
Less than \$100						3.7				4.9	4.4			
Less thon \$100		33 625	3 943	6 442	4 340	3 172	5 827	3 933	3 863	1 441	664	14 145	16 644	3 515
\$100 to \$149 1 308	Less thon \$100	1 063	620	226	61	27	71	22	9	14	13	4 598	7 333	363
\$250 to \$299	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 308 2 928	278 465	474 919	143 348	93	145 494	76 184	141	11 36	7 14	9 075 10 575	11 683 12 363	196 320
\$350 to \$399	\$250 to \$299	7 276	745	1 481	872 1 211	803	1 284	908	589	176	79	11 621 13 126	15 100	730
\$500 or more	\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	3 776	169	450	404	326	858	587	695	221	66	18 128	19 579	234
See Note	\$500 or more	1 722	133	209	77	81	201	173	426	261	161	24 594	28 947	147
Less thon \$100														
\$100 to \$149	Less thon \$100	673	515	80	22		12	9	9	14	_	4 021	5 570	290
\$200 to \$249	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 699	330	643	202		240	104	75		_	9 168	10 854	196
\$350 to \$399	\$250 to \$299	4 249	564 596	1 018	652	542	726	331	235	113	36	11 957	13 652	519
No cash rent	\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	5 186	446	950	622	499	1 047	804	535	204	79	15 322	16 772	531
Sade	No cash rent	5 583	291	527	409	359	954	805	1 301	622	315	21 483	24 622	393 107
Less thon 15 percent		\$349		\$309	\$330		\$360	\$387	\$442	\$468	\$498	•••		\$309
15 to 19 percent	INCOME IN 1979													
25 to 29 percent	15 to 19 percent	4 273	86	120	168	227	821	1 104	1 240	464	43	23 277	23 778	54
35 to 49 percent 5 889 265 2 060 1 761 808 861 119 15 10 879 11 136 331	25 to 29 percent	4 330	188	485	583	650	1 315	683	394		-	15 794	16 161	126
	35 to 49 percent	5 889	265	2 060	1 761 553	808	861			_	_	10 879 5 756	11 136	331
Not computed 1 166 580 149 90 65 111 41 69 32 29 5 081 9 853 527 Medion 29.0 50+ 47.7 36.1 30.5 25.9 21.8 18.9 14.3 10	Not computed	1 166	580	149	90	65	111					5 081	5 960 9 853	527

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimo	res basea on o	somple, see intro	duction. For m	eoning of symbo	ls, see Introducti	on. For definition	ins or terms, se	e oppendixes A	ond oj	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	23 937	677	1 360	1 959	1 910	2 115	4 409	3 553	4 083	3 871	490
PERSONS IN UNIT	25 /6/				. ,,,	- 1.13					
1 person	2 262	200	201	260	192	253	390	227	312	227	406
2 persons3 persons	7 407 5 356	258 91	201 577 233 263	709 498	665 385	635 436	1 312 987	1 007 887	1 227 943	1 017 896	465 505 510
4 persons	5 523	63	263	293 162	389 164	528 188 31	1 138	851	923 479	1 075	510
5 persons6 persons	2 187 807	63 38 18	22	20	92	31	330 177	406 117	131	356 199	536 537 560 517
7 persons 8 or more persons	303 92	9	_	10	16 7	33	65 10	46 12	68	65 s 36	560 517
Medion	2.93	2.04	2.33	2.52	2.75	2.89	3.01	3.11	3.03	3.27	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	18 085	332	907	1 306 25	1 442	1 515	3 367 100	2 835 80	3 259 95	3 122 37	506 544
15 to 24 years	353 4 412	26	55 220	136	260	325	891	906	1 131	682	557
35 to 44 years	5 485 6 876	70 202	220 531	255 687	336 738	366 694	1 063 1 127	922 850	1 078 902	1 175 1 145	557 547 442 366 495
65 years and over	959 2 621	30 127	101 108	203 223	108 164	118 264	186 452	77 388	53 452	83 443	366
15 to 24 years	161	9	8	6	12	-	23 184	26	23	54	587
25 to 34 years	932 648	16 11	5 8	59 36	61 34	86 88	132	150 109	221 103	150 127	587 537 514
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	764 116	61 30	60 27	108	51 6	72 18	113	97 6	98 7	104	427 254
Female householder, no husband present	3 231	218	345 13	430	304	336	590	330	372 28	306	397
15 to 24 years	105 621	13	22	45	51	92	183	33 76	84	5 55 97	541 436
35 to 44 years	836 1 284	31 118	22 78 173	75 236	66 119	88 I 122	204 147	66 136	131 108	97 125	440 348
65 years and over	385 42.6	56 55.2	59 52.4	69 51.2	68 47.8	25 44.8	44 40.1	19 38.9	21 38.2	24 41.6	306
	42.0	33.2	32.4	31.12	47.0	14.0	40.1	30.7	30.1	41.0	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	4 471	71	63	56	55	92	541	675	1 341	1 577	676
1975 to 1978	9 637	93	106	309	465	823	2 214	1 991	1 988	1 648	541
1970 to 1974	4 707 4 363	114 234	200 815	532 918	679 644	755 411	1 009 581	508 352	509 212	401 196	406 317
1959 or earlier	759	165	176	144	67	34	64	27	33	49	263
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	409 1 373	47 98	48 133	49 80	23 140	24 121	34 283	38 212	96 176	50 130	432 444
5 rooms	5 260	222	506	699	529	504	1 022	695	758	325	416
6 rooms 7 rooms	6 975 5 127	188 91	426 191	613 328	700 362	652 498	1 414 894	856 875	1 209 909	917 979	466 523
8 or more rooms	4 793 6.2	31 5.4	56 5.5	190 5.7	156 5.9	316	762 6.1	877 6.5	935 6.3	1 470 7.0	601
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		• • •		• • •		•	•	3.5			
1975 to Morch 1980	7 052	79	26	99	130	278	1 246	1 361	1 856	1 977	625
1970 to 1974	4 341 7 229	73 150	28 573	202 945	382 845	571 792	821	704 889	780	780	513
1960 to 1969	3 3 1 9	284	499	467	338	279	1 380 577	387	962 319	693 169	421 363 378
1940 to 1949	1 215 781	45 46	180 54	188 58	135 80	105	250 135	118 94	105	89 163	378 436
VALUE											
Less thon \$10,000	18	8	6	_	4	_		_	_	_	208
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	115 170	65 35	14 38	_ 29	8 20	22 39	- 9	6	-	-	188 271 299
\$30,000 to \$39,999	331	40	67	60	49	56	21 107	17	4	17	299
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	677 1 997	96 121	119 292	171 343	74 189	45 158	430	54 177	11 252	35	286 367
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	8 968 5 049	222 47	696 94	934 278	1 042 301	982 470	1 765 1 188	1 361 968	1 449 1 025	517 678	435 515
\$100,000 to \$149,999	4 137	37	19	120	173	299	725	669	889	1 206	604
\$150,000 or more	2 475 \$79 200	\$58 200	\$63 400	\$67 800	\$71 400	\$74 700	164 \$78 700	301 \$83 100	453 \$85 900	1 418 \$126 400	750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS											
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	6 133 4 255	437 37	780 200 125	1 080 288	865 386	812 533	988 1 064	519 740	383 623	269 384	344 464
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	3 958 2 871	65 34	125	157 140	237 125	280 124	861 460	763	801 696	669 654	533
30 to 34 percent	1 820	11	86 28 128	77	87	97	246	552 284	480	510	533 585 625 606
35 percent or more Not computed	4 759 141	93 -	128	217	193 17	256 13	776 14	675 20	1 074 26	1 347 38	567
Median	21.9	11.3	13.5	14.3	16.1	17.2	20.8	23.3	26.6	29.5	••••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	23 937 1 074	677	1 360 21	1 959 51	1 910 59	2 115 81	4 409	3 553	4 083 194	3 871 345	490 602
Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump	19 106	471	978	1 520	1 529	1 732	3 490	2 883	3 307	3 196	49.5 552
Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	495 838	57	168	31 122	35 78	41 36	85 186	106 70	73 90	124 31	346
Other meansAir conditioning	2 424 6 344	137 173	193 421	235 511	209 564	225 531	482 1 135	349 857	419 1 183	175 969	444 486
Centrol system	3 478 2 866	60 113	139	189 322	263 301	276 255	556 579	452 405	771 412	772 197	557 428
House heating fuel	23 937	677	1 360	1 959	1 910	2 115	4 409	3 553	4 083	3 871	490
Utility gos 8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	14 890 1 182	534 38	1 027 61	1 269 76	1 281 44	1 310 95	2 729 246	2 157 157	2 391 228	2 192 237	475 520
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	1 148 5 339	18 46	14 199	42 461	64 452	79 480	182 945	210 795	262 928	277 1 033	583 511
Other	1 378	41	59	111	69	151	307	234	274	132	486

Table A - 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
	6 507	47	159	531	876	1 097	1 856	1 036	905	165
Specified owner-occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	0 307	4/	137	331	0/0	1 047	1 030	1 030	903	103
1 person	1 573	19	83 47	214 252	294	273	290	189	211	141
2 persons3 persons	3 290 813	5	12 17	16	400 106	611	1 058 279	501 180	414 119	166 181
4 persons5 persons	516 193	8 –	-	16 22 22	55 17	68	145 48	111 27	90 58	180 188
6 persons 7 persons	71 38	8	=	=	4 -	20	13 23	21 7	13	194 174
8 or more persons	13 2.01	2.14	1.46	5 1.70	1.86	1.95	2.10	2.16	2.08	130
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Morried-couple fomilies	4 077 54	8 –	47	266 26	495	693	1 267	710	591	1 71 127
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	186 330	- 8	4 10	7	30 41	36 31	44 75	46 77	19 77	168 193
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors ond over	1 857 1 650	-	13 20	133 89	211 213	297 316	581 567	345 227	277 218	174 166
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors	606 37	14	54	86	110	90	131 13	46	75	136 133
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	83 99		22	7 17	24	- 6	28 33	_ 14	24	169 157
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors ond over	115 272	3 4	11 12	28 34	18 68	21 55	13 44	13	8 36	122 133
Femole householder, no husband present	1 824 28	25	58	179	271 5	314	458 6	280	239	157 158
25 to 34 yeors	65 46	5	13	17	- 4	17	21	13 10		96 169
45 to 64 yeors	598 1 087	3 12	5 40	38 124	103 159	132 151	159 272	81 176	77 153	156 161
65 yeors ond over Medion oge	63.7	39.4	59.3	63.4	65.1	64.2	64.1	62.1	63.4	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	561 819	3 8	33 27	52 66	66 96	84 106	136 207	94 196	93 113	166 176
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	711 1 573	20 4	16 43	55 106	108 141	94 254	172 487	110 328	136 210	168 174
1959 or eorlier	2 843	12	40	252	465	559	854	308	353	155
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	197	12	27	50	34	12	54	_	8	107
4 rooms5 rooms	1 175 1 919	13	57 53	172 206	248 322	294 446	231 591	112 172	52 116	134 145
6 rooms 7 rooms	1 708 742	6	10 12	74 12	249 16	187 96	592 230	369 204	221 172	178 201
8 or more rooms	766 5.5	7 4.7	4.4	17 4.7	7 5.0	62	158 5.6	179 6.1	336 6.8	237
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	5.5	7.,		•••	5.0	3.0	3.0	5.7	0.0	•••
1975 to Morch 1980	808	3	45	80	81	72	210	168	149	179
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	444 1 257	20	10 35	38 33	72 88	70 146	85 402	73 300	76 253	157 191
1950 to 1959	1 725 1 045	8 7	14 11	145 91	244 189	370 219	511 331	258 78	175 119	158 151
1939 or eorlierVALUE	1 228	9	44	144	202	220	317	159	133	149
Less thon \$10,000	26	13	_	6	7	_	_	_	-	62
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	123 248	8 5	36 21	32 52 87	17 66	18 43	17	6 30	6 14	89 117
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	269 657	_	5 19	87 84	54	62 74	41 198	20 106	33	120 152
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	844 1 813	6 8	12	91 151	143 177 322	224 439	247 613	50 176	33 37 83	140 148
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	1 056 759	7	45	18	57 33	184 22	436 224	223 248	93 220	176 218
\$150,000 or more Medion	712 \$71 300	\$21 300	- \$49 400	\$50 300	\$58 500	31 \$66 400	80 \$74 500	177 \$91 100	419 \$141 000	250 +
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	Ψ/1 300	Ψ21 300	φ47 400	Ψ30 300	ψ30 300	\$00 400	ψ/4 300	ψ/1 100	ψ141 000	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	0.157						010	457	200	167
Less thon 10 percent	3 157 1 298	40 -	107 20	296 86	483 182	525 268	910 357	457 188	339 197	157 163
15 to 19 percent	612 343	_	13	45 39	84 45	102 46	209 72	87 66	85 62	168 170
25 to 29 percent	356 192	_	9 ~	27 6	32 8	57 25	97 41	91 39	43 73	177 221
35 percent or moreNot computed	469 80	7	5 5	29 3	42	59 15	129 41	99 9	106	189 162
Median	10.2	10-	10-	10—	10—	10.3	10.0	11.5	12.9	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	6 501	47	159	531	876	1 097	1 856	1 030	905	165
Steom or hot water system Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heot pump	495 4 397	7 24	7 76	7 250	20 559	56 731	107 1 364	120 738	171 655	218 170
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, wall, or pipeless furnoce	88 538	- 4	13	3 124	96	31 134	136	37 31	13	208 131
Other meons	983 1 775	12 11	63 69	147 147 128	201 200	145 308	245 473	104 227	66 359	137 168
Centrol system	845 930	ii	21 48	34 94	67 133	99 209	258 215	125 102	230 129	187 148
House heating fuel	6 501	47 21	159	531	876	1 097	1 856	1 030	905	165
Utility gos 8ottled, tank, or LP gos	2 542 260	31 4	96 9	344 67	528 37	530 15	572 44	190 52 57	231 32	138 147
Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc	166 3 285	- -	34	3 87	7 262	31 477	40 1 112	699	28 614	202 185
Other	248	12	20	30	42	44	68	32	~	136

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see In Owner-occupied hausing units								iter-accupied h		1	
The SMSA	Tatal	1975 ta March 1980	1970 ta 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 ta 1959	1939 ar earlier	Tatal	1975 ta March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 ta 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 ar earlier
Occupied housing units	43 112	11 967	8 906	11 237	8 598	2 404	34 092	9 279	6 647	7 087	7 300	3 779
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	29 415 727 6 013 7 174 11 743 3 758 5 415 391 1 501 1 188 1 651 684 8 282 250 1 282 250 1 337 3 119 2 294	8 841 319 2 790 2 671 2 598 463 1 510 112 588 362 401 47 1 616 80 549 347 479 161 39,1	6 269 155 1 344 1 716 2 499 555 1 081 69 274 249 377 112 1 556 315 327 539 333 44.8	7 782 157 1 069 1 843 3 723 990 1 377 111 270 340 442 214 42 078 72 240 362 928 476 49.8	5 357 84 715 763 2 539 1 256 1 013 66 319 139 307 182 2 228 56 125 257 1 001 789 56.1	1 166 12 95 181 384 494 434 433 50 98 124 129 804 — 53 44 172 535	11 686 1 809 3 847 2 025 2 912 1 093 11 694 2 772 4 038 1 554 2 358 972 10 712 2 224 2 926 2 452 2 369 1 741	3 216 538 1 039 663 794 182 3 099 763 1 220 472 520 124 2 964 2 964 2 965 3 58 525 291 32.1	2 256 369 732 397 621 137 2 168 678 780 216 369 125 2 223 508 630 302 486 297 33.0	2 679 425 867 457 611 319 2 149 474 718 346 501 110 2 259 330 473 405 504 547 36.9	2 419 376 887 339 573 244 2 581 605 915 274 544 243 2 300 453 667 258 522 400 33.8	1 116 101 322 169 313 211 1 697 252 405 246 424 424 424 900 100 199 129 332 206 44.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 ta March 1980 1975 ta 1978 1970 ta 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	8 313 15 281 8 127 7 268 4 123	4 929 7 038 - - -	1 320 3 333 4 253	1 234 2 881 2 313 4 809	692 1 571 1 340 2 066 2 929	138 458 221 393 1 194	20 950 9 317 2 412 1 084 329	7 798 1 481 - -	4 229 1 956 462 –	3 687 2 451 604 345	3 538 2 448 823 395 96	1 698 981 523 344 233
ROOMS 1 roam 2 roams	149 646 1 723 6 208 10 504 10 613 13 269 5.7	57 189 437 1 343 2 529 2 850 4 562 6.0	20 156 348 1 656 2 063 1 995 2 668 5.6	28 149 429 1 329 2 559 2 933 3 810 5.9	35 133 356 1 413 2 613 2 347 1 701 5.4	9 19 153 467 740 488 528 5.2	2 962 3 150 7 798 10 527 5 850 2 326 1 479 3.8	772 834 2 059 2 748 1 766 648 452 3.9	395 587 1 399 2 613 1 074 370 209 3.9	355 579 1 782 2 232 1 279 504 356 3.9	706 699 1 649 2 114 1 261 605 266 3.8	734 451 909 820 470 199 196 3.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	43 000 29 282 13 000 537 181 112 85 8	11 934 7 895 3 889 94 56 33 12 8 -	8 890 5 699 2 989 161 41 16 16	11 232 7 497 3 520 165 50 5	8 552 6 285 2 134 106 27 46 40 —	2 392 1 906 468 11 7 12 12 - -	33 253 19 438 12 310 823 682 839 141 644 10	9 186 5 379 3 489 173 145 93 9	6 492 3 864 2 368 156 104 155 23 119 5	6 993 4 206 2 456 230 101 94 8 86	7 150 4 035 2 672 216 227 150 50 83 5	3 432 1 954 1 325 48 105 347 51 272 - 24
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	7 103 15 933 8 039 7 367 2 984 1 686 2.41	1 504 4 155 2 516 2 439 873 480 2.63 35 933	1 336 3 107 1 747 1 608 654 454 2.51 26 625	1 679 4 053 2 035 2 038 993 439 2.47 32 532	1 881 3 557 1 417 1 096 401 246 2.18 21 537	703 1 061 324 186 63 67 1.97	13 001 11 858 4 908 2 550 1 244 531 1.84	3 520 3 202 1 427 710 262 158 1.85	2 309 2 546 905 573 221 93 1.90	2 604 2 358 1 137 543 326 119 1.90	2 810 2 461 1 029 564 318 118 1.84	1 758 1 291 410 160 117 43 1.60 6 627
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 ar mare Mabile hame or trailer, etc.	33 548 348 705 501 835 555 6 620	8 766 24 173 136 310 237 2 321	5 657 33 311 161 161 94 2 489	9 132 77 119 137 220 173 1 379	7 810 158 74 36 78 33 409	2 183 56 28 31 66 18 22	10 149 2 169 2 889 3 378 8 351 5 942 1 214	1 820 306 816 859 2 681 2 572 225	976 225 637 761 2 006 1 640 402	2 069 502 584 952 1 606 965 409	3 545 839 637 501 1 233 394 151	1 739 297 215 305 825 371 27
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hedring equipment Steam or hat water system Central warm-oir furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or mare individual raam units House hearting fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent belaw poverty level	43 100 1 926 33 221 1 495 1 764 4 694 14 269 8 545 5 724 43 100 25 296 3 074 2 700 10 027 2 003 1 974 4.6	11 955 417 10 230 262 138 908 3 905 2 995 910 11 955 8 137 1 283 780 1 170 585 436 3.6	8 906 274 7 193 658 75 706 3 706 2 521 1 185 8 906 6 098 716 929 820 343 404 4.5	11 237 590 8 954 426 228 1 039 3 493 1 868 1 625 11 237 6 445 559 731 3 036 466 400 3.6	8 598 399 5 531 94 1 129 1 445 2 635 972 1 663 8 598 3 931 422 191 3 592 462 507 5.9	2 404 246 1 313 55 194 596 530 189 341 2 404 685 94 409 1 409 147 227 9.4	34 032 2 953 19 477 3 696 2 926 4 980 15 201 7 954 7 247 34 032 21 269 1 144 6 679 4 344 596 3 531	9 273 241 6 696 1 435 258 643 6 492 4 148 2 344 9 273 5 951 157 2887 223 969 10.4	6 647 604 4 358 976 194 515 4 125 2 056 2 069 6 647 4 532 176 1 701 203 35 765	7 074 700 3 921 678 686 1 089 2 887 1 259 1 628 7 074 4 728 284 1 149 776 137 639 9.0	7 278 548 3 326 447 1 289 1 668 1 203 7 278 4 371 380 682 1 610 235 737	3 760 860 1 176 160 499 1 065 494 81 413 3 760 1 687 147 260 1 532 134 421
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	2 117 3 573 2 675 2 460 5 142 5 762 9 964 7 176 4 243 \$24 838 \$28 647	392 617 533 614 1 391 1 630 3 332 2 173 1 285 \$27 136 \$30 995	384 656 530 457 1 082 1 260 2 193 1 602 742 \$25 322 \$28 423	488 974 713 590 1 195 1 556 2 487 1 961 1 273 \$25 338 \$29 556	522 929 714 578 1 157 1 074 1 645 1 247 732 \$21 568 \$26 264	331 397 185 221 317 242 307 193 211 \$15 829 \$22 068	3 972 6 493 4 394 3 204 5 886 4 005 3 984 1 475 679 \$14 206 \$16 716	1 019 1 472 1 390 957 1 397 997 1 220 605 222 \$14 481 \$17 980	776 1 201 870 520 1 162 818 845 286 169 \$14 791 \$17 074	841 1 196 752 700 1 341 943 930 266 118 \$15 173 \$17 202	796 1 498 949 756 1 412 928 697 173 91 \$13 846 \$15 290	540 1 126 433 271 574 319 292 145 79 \$11 290 \$14 829

Table A -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Owner-occupied housing units					Renter-occupied housing units						
The SMSA	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	43 112 3 037	33 548 1 448	2 944 1 589	6 620	34 092 2 335	10 149 805	2 169 117	2 889 400	3 378 139	8 351 346	5 942 528	1 214
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	29 415	24 231	1 197	3 987	11 686	4 661	893	1 008	943	2 045	1 540	596
15 to 24 yeors	727	452	66	209	1 809	583	73	290	138	400	244	81
25 to 34 yeors	6 013	5 049	198	766	3 847	1 692	359	311	358	523	448	156
35 to 44 yeors	7 174	6 327	210	637	2 025	974	113	121	163	319	206	129
	11 743	9 511	454	1 778	2 912	1 082	198	198	198	571	504	161
65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present	3 758	2 892	269	597	1 093	330	150	88	86	232	138	69
	5 415	3 593	768	1 054	11 694	2 902	619	844	1 138	3 516	2 272	403
15 to 24 yeors	391	234	76	81	2 772	864	104	188	196	834	464	122
25 to 34 yeors	1 501	1 103	194	204	4 038	1 051	280	323	418	1 024	846	96
35 to 44 yeors	1 188	865	158	165	1 554	376	50	132	148	515	288	45
	1 651	969	241	441	2 358	397	140	129	245	798	522	127
65 years and over Femole householder, no husband present	684	422	99	163	972	214	45	72	131	345	152	13
	8 282	5 724	979	1 579	10 712	2 586	657	1 037	1 297	2 790	2 130	215
15 to 24 yeors	250	148	39	63	2 224	440	123	256	198	717	469	21
	1 282	837	167	278	2 926	902	147	344	360	717	418	38
35 to 44 yeors	1 337	980	149	208	1 452	433	91	131	214	343	212	28
	3 119	2 131	321	667	2 369	512	129	169	267	652	551	89
65 yeors ond over	2 294	1 628	303	363	1 741	299	167	137	258	361	480	39
	47.1	46.2	49.3	51.1	34.4	33.7	35.0	31.4	35.4	34.8	35.9	39.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	8 313	5 689	980	1 644	20 950	5 671	1 112	1 730	1 914	5 744	4 153	626
1975 to 1978	15 281	11 706	932	2 643	9 317	3 134	641	827	986	1 904	1 374	451
	8 127	5 945	552	1 630	2 412	729	268	239	306	448	309	113
1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	7 268 4 123	6 366 3 842	265 215	637 66	1 084 329	415 200	113 35	53 40	167 5	206 49	106	24
ROOMS 1 room	149	5	42	102	2 962	200	32	33	234	1 611	824	28
2 rooms 3 rooms	646 1 723	135 589	113 434	398 700	3 150 7 798	404 1 214	171 591	266 778	317 923	1 073 2 292	764 1 787	155 213 399
4 rooms5 rooms	6 208 10 504	3 072 8 020	982 780	2 154 1 704	10 527 5 850	2 887 2 669	825 356	1 192 509	1 157 608	2 425 760	1 642	274
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	10 613	9 426	281	906	2 326	1 543	129	91	115	151	224	73
	13 269	12 301	312	656	1 479	1 232	65	20	24	39	27	72
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5.7	6.0	4.4	4.5	3.8	4.6	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.2	3.3	4.0
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	43 000	33 500	2 906	6 594	33 253	10 135	2 155	2 851	3 273	7 884	5 748 3 493	1 207
0.50 or less	29 282	22 795	2 171	4 316	19 438	5 722	1 356	1 667	2 051	4 455		694
0.51 to 1.00	13 000 537	10 257 395	650 57	2 093 85	12 310 823	4 000 315	712 63	1 098	1 088 86	2 982 166	1 964 88	466 39
1.51 or more	181	53	28	100	682	98	24	20	48	281	203	7
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	112	48	38	26	839	14	14	38	105	467	194	
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	85 8	48	31	6 8	141 644 10	14	5 9	13 22	33 46	64 383	26 163	7
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more BEDROOMS	19	-	7	12	44	-	-	3	26	5 15	5 -	=
None	172	18	52	102	3 378	239	51	67	285	1 791	917	28
	2 361	806	547	1 008	11 610	1 906	813	1 066	1 304	3 384	2 794	343
3	11 343 20 689	6 301 18 256	1 474 645	3 568 1 788	13 283 4 972	3 786 3 455	1 004 274	1 508 243	1 530 250	2 873 287	2 003	579 251
4 5 or more	7 261 1 286	6 950 1 217	183 43	128	711 138	664 99	21 6	5	9	3	16	7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	2 117	1 325	261	531	3 972	666	179	381	487	1 252	840	167
\$5,000 to \$9,999	3 573	2 302	349	922	6 493	1 365	357	526	807	1 958	1 177	303
\$10,000 to \$12,499	2 675	1 793	259	623	4 394	1 083	306	380	509		779	140
\$12,500 to \$14,999	2 460	1 683	216	561	3 204	865	212	243	354	882	528	120
\$15,000 to \$19,999	5 142	3 620	445	1 077	5 886	1 867	419	616	503	1 358	902	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	5 762	4 342	391	1 029	4 005	1 484	387	323	284	682	744	101
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9 964	8 195	484	1 285	3 984	1 892	170	228	337	668	575	
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	7 176 4 243	6 385 3 903	286 253	505 87	1 475 679	657 270	102 37	151	97	197 157	223 174	48
Medion	\$24 838	\$26 775	\$19 403	\$17 905	\$14 206	\$17 521	\$15 314	\$14 120	\$11 940	\$12 016	\$13 329	\$12 446
Mean	\$28 647	\$30 867	\$24 091	\$19 424	\$16 716	\$19 906	\$17 288	\$15 973	\$13 917	\$14 392	\$16 800	\$14 168
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	43 100	33 542	2 944	6 614	34 032	10 149	2 163	2 889	3 378	8 317	5 922	1 214
Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-oir fumoce or electric heot pump	1 926 33 221	1 749 25 797	177 1 858	5 566	2 953 19 477	302 6 068	57 1 320	270 1 412	665 1 589	1 116 4 485	543 3 729	874
Other built-in electric units	1 495	886	541	68	3 696	598	109	451	437	1 133	945	23
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	1 764	1 453	109	202	2 926	1 195	324	222	280	619	209	77
Other meons	4 694	3 657	259	778	4 980	1 986	353	534	407	964	496	240
	14 269	9 224	1 431	3 614	15 20 1	1 901	302	954	1 424	5 186	4 802	632
Centrol system Vehicles avoilable	8 545	5 055	985	2 505	7 954	858	117	507	801	2 272	3 045	354
	41 891	32 848	2 731	6 312	29 649	9 471	1 971	2 616	2 775	6 755	4 935	1 126
2 or more	10 346	6 799	1 170	2 377	16 001	3 540	1 104	1 443	1 756	4 527	3 081	550
	31 545	26 049	1 561	3 935	13 648	5 931	867	1 173	1 019	2 228	1 854	576
House heating fuel Utility gos	43 100 25 296	33 542 19 360	2 944 1 512	6 614 4 424	34 032 21 269	10 149 6 381	2 163 1 470	2 889 1 757	3 378 2 306	8 317 5 115	5 922 3 475	1 214 765
8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	3 074	1 567	241	1 266	1 144	375	46	86	103	209	82	243
Electricity	2 700	1 743	736	221	6 679	1 140	243	723	649	1 997	1 853	74
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Water heating fuel	10 027 2 003	9 133 1 739	390 65	504 199	4 344 596	1 904 349	398 6	303 20	283 37	911 85 8 351	448 64 5 942	97 35 1 207
Utility gas 8ottled, tonk, or LP gas	43 073 19 241 2 721	33 529 13 856 1 057	2 944 1 011	6 600 4 374	34 065 14 593	10 145 4 308	2 169 885	2 884 1 286	3 367 1 514 135	8 351 3 572	2 358 122	670 251
Electricity — Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	19 871 1 096	17 453 1 026	251 1 613	1 413 805	1 289 16 720	314 5 291	86 1 147	147 1 368	1 572 1 46	234 3 976 563	3 094 361	272
Other Fomily householder	144 34 052	137 27 760	62 7	4 736	1 425 38 16 043	221 11 6 268	1 134	74 9 1 450	1 460	563 6 2 907	7 2 105	719
With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 6 yeors	16 038 5 794	13 721 4 947	1 556 514 169	1 803 678	7 785 3 893	3 628 1 786	488 225	776 411	766 437	1 105 488	708 366	314 180
Femole householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	3 556	2 718	265	573	3 243	1 199	180	309	427	639	382	107
	2 029	1 562	132	335	2 231	831	124	241	343	433	204	55
With own children under 6 years	413	296	32	85	762	265	23	80	167	163	52	12
Nonfamily householder	9 060	5 788	1 388	1 884	18 049	3 881	1 035	1 439	1 918	5 444	3 837	495
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	1 974	1 332	197	445	3 531	693	198	331	366	1 020	779	144
	4.6	4.0	6.7	6.7	10,4	6.8	9.1	11.5	10.8	12.2	13.1	11.9
	L	7,0	3.7	0.7	10.4	3.0	711	.1.5	. 3.0		.0.1	,

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a somple, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estima	tes based an a s	omple, see intro	oductian. Far me	aning at symbols,	, see introduction	1. For definition	is or terms, see	appendixes A a	na 8j	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persans	4 persans	5 persons	6 persans	7 persons	8 ar mare persans	Median	Tatal persans
Owner-occupied housing units	43 112 3 244	7 103	15 933 1 576	8 039 791	7 367 444	2 984 235	1 099 123	448 48	139 27	2.41 2.56	122 296 10 058
ROOMS	2 518 6 208 10 504 10 613 6 880 6 389 5.7	1 216 2 112 1 943 1 081 431 320 4.6	961 2 922 4 610 4 042 2 048 1 350 5.4	175 691 1 977 2 374 1 553 1 269 6.0	84 330 1 334 2 060 1 807 1 752 6.4	60 78 464 737 669 976 6.7	22 35 111 203 239 489 7.2	- 40 51 96 125 136 6.8	- 14 20 8 97 8.5+	1.54 1.84 2.22 2.58 3.12 3.65	4 933 12 755 26 736 31 177 22 879 23 816
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 ar less 1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or mare 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	43 000 42 282 537 181 112 93 -	7 050 7 050 - - 53 53 -	15 881 15 847 34 52 40	8 039 7 987 52 - - - -	7 367 7 283 68 16 -	2 977 2 846 78 53 7	1 099 931 146 22 -	448 261 147 40 - -	139 77 46 16 - -	2.41 2.39 5.98 5.26 1.56 1.38	122 112 117 853 3 199 1 060 184 120 - 64
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attoched 2 or mare Mabile home or trailer, etc.	33 548 2 944 6 620	4 388 1 195 1 520	11 970 1 018 2 945	6 706 396 937	6 470 164 733	2 555 102 327	953 59 87	385 4 59	121 6 12	2.56 1.77 2.11	97 483 6 615 18 198
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	30 444 44 238 418 600 1 334 2 841 10 781 6 105 4 896 3 187	3 835 9 50 84 180 279 517 1 362 628 440 286	10 697 21 105 189 223 608 1 164 3 901 1 876 1 533 1 077	6 169 - 26 54 101 254 534 2 263 1 325 972 640	6 039 39 60 53 121 334 2 121 1 306 1 333 672 \$84 200	2 380 12 15 16 29 30 177 785 640 348 328 \$84 300	878 - 10 14 39 44 246 214 188 123 \$87 100	341 - 3 5 - 55 92 99 49 38	105 2 - 3 16 11 17 33 23	2.61 2.12 2.16 2.16 2.14 2.28 2.56 2.91 2.99 2.86	88 502 171 610 926 1 261 2 601 7 425 31 254 19 198 15 361 9 695
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median incame Median selected monthly owner casts as percentage of household income With a martgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner casts as percentage of household income Median selected monthly owner casts as percentage of household income With a martgage	\$77 900 43 112 \$24 838 19.6 21.9 10.2 1 974 \$3 019 50+ 50+	\$69 600 7 103 \$12 142 27.1 32.5 18.8 712 \$2500— 50+ 50+	\$75 400 15 933 \$23 512 17.7 21.6 607 \$2 843 50+ 50+	\$78 600 8 039 \$28 246 19.2 20.8 10— 215 \$3 185 50+ 50+	7 367 \$30 219 20.1 21.3 10— 230 \$4 481 50+ 50+	2 984 \$30 770 19.5 20.8 10— 133 \$4 650 50+ 50+	1 099 \$33 398 18.6 19.4 10 39 \$8 015	\$83 400 448 \$30 933 19.1 20.1 10— 29 \$7 625 10— 45.0	\$104 900 139 \$45 435 16.3 17.9 10— 9 \$8 125 50+ 50+	2.41 1.95	122 296
Not martgaged	50+ 34 092 6 350	50+ 13 001	49.4 11 858 4 035	45.0 4 908 1 330	13.5 2 550 477	50+ 1 244 331	- 347 97	10— 128 45	- 56 35	1.84 2.29	67 8 89 16 123
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 or more rooms 7 or more rooms	2 962 3 150 7 798 10 527 5 850 2 326 1 479 3.8	2 410 2 083 4 516 2 848 807 180 157 2.9	487 802 2 611 4 672 2 301 610 375 3.9	58 196 447 1 901 1 368 650 288 4.4	46 157 776 885 383 303 4.8	7 18 30 257 377 331 224 5.3	- 5 26 42 98 101 75 5.5	- 6 22 7 47 46 6.1	- 5 9 7 24 11 5.8	1.11 1.26 1.36 2.02 2.42 3.07 3.22	3 384 4 389 11 424 21 654 14 907 7 495 4 636
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	33 253 31 748 823 682 839 785 10 44	12 347 12 347 - - 654 654 - -	11 744 11 291 - 453 114 80 - 34	4 878 4 632 191 55 30 22 5	2 523 2 325 152 46 27 22 5	1 230 925 257 48 14 7	347 176 140 31 - - -	128 46 54 28 - - -	56 6 29 21 - - -	1.86 1.81 4.77 2.25 1.14 1.10 3.50 2.15	66 825 61 328 3 521 1 976 1 064 944 38 82
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	10 149 2 169 2 889 3 378 8 351 5 942 1 214	2 153 760 994 1 452 4 330 2 918 394	3 595 833 972 1 188 2 687 2 125 458	2 075 293 589 407 778 578 188	1 230 159 253 201 385 207 115	738 99 56 92 130 76 53	258 5 12 19 30 23	89 20 - 9 4 6 -	11 - 13 10 7 9 6	2.31 1.89 1.96 1.70 1.46 1.52 1.97	25 537 4 397 5 901 6 247 13 702 9 685 2 420
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	33 625 673 751 1 699 3 351 4 249 5 830 5 186 5 557 5 583 746 \$349	12 875 594 497 1 142 1 916 2 379 2 709 1 558 990 789 301 \$295	11 732 40 170 412 915 1 333 2 294 2 215 2 247 1 858 248 \$363	4 803 24 23 113 320 279 517 885 1 219 1 310 113 \$415	2 489 9 29 20 118 136 178 388 664 876 71 \$450	1 201 - 28 - 72 78 116 106 292 505 4 \$468	347 6 4 12 - 30 5 14 101 166 9 \$497	128 - - - - 6 - 20 28 74 - - \$5500+	50 - - 10 8 11 - 16 5 - \$332	1.84 1.07 1.26 1.24 1.37 1.39 1.59 1.97 2.30 2.61 1.79	66 694 829 1 083 2 201 5 338 6 650 9 816 10 378 13 610 15 353 1 436
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median incame Median grass rent as percentage of hausehald income _ Income in 1979 below poverty level Median incame Median grass rent as percentage af hausehold income _	34 092 \$14 206 29.0 3 531 \$3 219 50+	13 001 \$9 683 33.6 1 730 \$2 559 50+	11 858 \$16 639 26.6 981 \$3 885 50+	4 908 \$18 372 26.7 361 \$3 385 50+	2 550 \$19 678 28.8 204 \$4 722 50+	1 244 \$22 643 26.5 172 \$7 012 50+	347 \$29 102 23.0 73 \$9 250 36.9	\$36 071 19.4 - - -	\$33 333 17.9 10 \$11 250 27.5	1.84 1.54 	67 889

Table A - 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	The SMSA	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 conditions 7 (10) 8 persons 9 persons 6 conditions 7 (10) 8 conditions 8 conditions 9 conditions 1 conditions 1 conditions 1 conditions	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGACE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified owner-occupied housing units 23 937 Specified owner-occupied housing units 23 937 15 to 19 percent 20 10 24 percent 20 10 25 percent 20 10	Renter-occupled housing units 34 09	Derson 1 3 0 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 3	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 1979 Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent 36 to 49 percent 37 to 40 percent 38 to 49 percent 38 to 49 percent 39 to 49 percent 30 to 49 percent 31 to 40 percent 31 to 40 percent 32 to 49 percent 33 to 40 percent 34 to 40 percent 35 to 49 percent 36 to 40 percent 37 to 40 percent 38 to 40 percent
	Total 15	112	2 984 2 984 2 984 2 241 2 296	000 718 112 19	25.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.5	092	001 858 858 908 550 531 1.84 889	253 505 839 54	625 340 273 330 268 889 889
	15 to 24 2 years	727	3.2 2.1 2.1 2.2 2.2 2.2	2 4 1	01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 0	1 809	221 221 221 221 4 692	772 177 37 5	1 776 2 2 7 7 7 8 2 7 7 7 8 8 7 7 7 8 8 7 7 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8
Morried-	25 to 34 years	6 013	1 763 1 559 1 870 588 233 3.30 21 025	6 013 96 -	4 4 598 4 412 853 853 853 853 853 853 853 853 853 853	3 847	1 556 999 822 389 81 2.87	3 816 247 31	3 754 668 776 746 770 370 370
couple fomilie	35 to 44 yeors	7 174	968 1 435 2 671 1 302 798 3.94 29 088	7 163 246 11 6	5 815 5 485 5 485 1 235 1 235 1 660 631 328 802 233 46 8 8 8 253 253 10 —	2 025	495 535 488 308 199 3.47 6 797	2 016 270 9	1 968 243 264 328 328 324 316 186
8	45 to 64 yeors	11 743	6 003 2 755 1 770 777 438 2.48 35 165	11 720 213 23 6	8 733 6 876 6 876 1 2 885 1 2 885 8 842 8 842 1 374 1 374 2 580 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 912	1 785 635 253 253 168 71 7.332 7 343	2 903 143 9 9	2 831 429 429 482 388 389 332 124
	65 years and over	3 758	3 226 3 373 97 97 42 20 20 8 327	3 758	2 609 959 959 954 131 160 141 2 8 1 2 8 2 622 622 622 622 623 77 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	1 093	998 51 32 12 2.05 2.05	1 085 46 8	1 088 69 175 175 183 183 194 81
	15 to 24 yeors	391	148 171 50 10 5 7 1.78 809	383	198 161 161 18 18 35.6 35.6 22 22 8 8 10	2 772	1 103 1 232 348 348 59 24 6 1.73 4 943	2 707 73 65 8	2 755 160 226 487 487 308 308 551
Mole householder,	25 to 34 years	1 501	765 478 170 59 22 22 7 1.48	1 501 19	1 015 932 132 132 225 123 123 256 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 15 15 15 10 10	4 038	2 383 1 140 351 107 28 29 1.35 6 328	3 884 118 i54	3 994 436 531 736 570 570 679 679
nolder, no wife	35 to 44 yeors	1 188	621 315 174 57 12 12 9 1.46	1 182 9 9	747 648 97 72 72 72 73 1103 1103 1104 67 67 67 18 18 18 10	1 554	928 415 96 72 72 1.34 2 484	1 465 83 89	288 288 288 284 284 288 288
present	45 to 64 yeors	1 651	975 417 163 90 - - 6 1.35 2 779	1 647	764 764 764 168 110 110 110 114 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	2 358	1 785 1 16 116 22 22 5 1 16 2 16 2 2	2 210 51 148	2 34 48 395 395 285 285 373 373
	65 yeors ond over	684	573 86 25 25 - 1.10	680	388 116 25 25 30 8 8 8 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.3 24.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27	972	849 82 11 7 23 1.07	872 22 100 7	83 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
	15 to 24 yeors	250	91 108 38 6 7 7 7 1.81 515	243	133 105 106 128 128 128 140 160 160	2 224	1 054 835 241 50 40 1.57 3 888	2 188 80 36 9	2 217 135 122 122 177 177 283 499 715
Femole householder,	25 to 34 yeors	1 282	390 359 215 219 68 68 31 3.20	1 282 16 16	686 621 621 77 77 77 77 77 77 76 86 30.1 81 18 18 18 18 18	2 926	1 258 869 464 217 74 1.74 5 529	2 912 79 14	2 178 178 314 326 336 604 604
older, no husbond	35 to 44 yeors	1 337	280 356 405 206 65 65 2.58 3 545	1 337	888 836 77 77 77 78 862 862 396 33.9 33.9 33.9 13 13 10	1 452	547 404 313 113 52 23 1.94 3 024	1 435 43 17 8	1 445 59 150 165 185 346 346
and present	45 to 64 yeors	3 119	1 515 950 332 162 72 88 1.55 6 322	111 8 50 8	1 882 1 284 1 284 1 323 1 323 1 108 1 08 2 4 5 5 4 6 5 4 6 1 63 1 1 63 1 63	2 369	1 527 509 191 87 35 20 1.28 3 391	2 295 58 74 -	2 339 101 236 238 272 272 272 266 508
	65 yeors ond over	2 294	1 745 371 114 33 19 1,16 3 302	2 267 6 27	1 472 385 385 37 37 383 1 097 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 20	1 741	1 567 1 55 1 155 1 6 1	1 693 15 48	1 728 115 117 117 181 268 72 235 574
	Medion age	47.1	55.2 43.7 40.6 40.6 41.8	47.1 40.8 56.7 37.1	4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.4	34.4	33.4 33.4 33.4 33.5 33.4	34.2 42.4 32.0	3 33 33 33 38 3 33 33 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA 15 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 64 65 years 15 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 4	
Total Total years years years years ond over Total years years years	to 64 65 years years and over
Owner-occupied housing units 7 103 3 082 148 765 621 975 573 4 021 91 390 280	1 515 1 745
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 507 1 718 8 27
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detroched or attached	950 1 194 203 240 362 311
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 to \$9,999	212 600 459 580
\$12,500 to \$14,999	214 203 164 101 267 95 106 67 63 51
\$25,000 to \$34,999	24 39 6 9 1 011 \$7 052
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	2 269 \$9 634
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units 3 835 1 662 60 491 368 396 347 2 173 36 107 138 With a mortgage 2 262 1 260 45 460 313 331 111 1 002 21 107 124	809 1 083 469 281
Less thon \$200 200	80 39 83 45
\$250 to \$299 260	93 40 37 54 39 20
\$400 to \$499 390	51 26 51 19
\$600 to \$749	35 21 - 17 \$288 \$315
Not mortgaged 1 573 402 15 31 55 65 236 1 171 15 - 14 Less thon \$50 3 4 5	340 802 - 5
\$75 to \$99 214 55 8 13 34 159 \$100 to \$124 294 96 - 24 - 4 68 198	5 33 35 124 61 137
\$125 to \$149 273 62 8 6 48 211 5 150 to \$199 290 51 13 7 31 239 6 - 14	97 114 45 174
\$200 to \$249	50 109 47 106 \$143 \$147
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	
household income in 1979 27.1 25.1 39.6 27.7 27.9 23.6 16.3 28.5 33.3 33.1 31.3 With o mortgage 32.5 29.4 45.8 28.4 30.1 27.2 24.7 38.6 50+ 33.1 33.0	26.8 28.1 36.0 50+
Not mortgaged	17.1 24.3 168 329 11.1 18.9
Renter-occupied housing units 13 001 7 048 1 103 2 383 928 1 785 849 5 953 1 054 1 258 547	1 527 1 567
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 459 1 528 68 39
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detached or attached	239 232 77 135
3 ond 4 994 447 46 204 47 78 72 547 117 120 48 5 to 9 1 452 713 80 251 98 178 106 739 96 159 71	77 135 132 130 164 249
10 to 49	528 327 370 455 17 39
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	286 819 611 492
\$10,000 to \$12,499	276 88 133 46
\$20,000 to \$24,999 576 407 7 175 104 101 20 169 4 71 34	150 56 37 23 8 20
\$35,000 to \$49,999 - 15 140 - 37 14 89 - 15 \$50,000 or more 143 99 - 13 15 56 15 44 - 10 -	8 7 18 16
	3 998 \$4 867 9 862 \$6 925
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units 12 875 6 969 1 097 2 362 905 1 775 830 5 906 1 047 1 252 547 [Less than \$100 594 226 18 _ 17 38 153 368 17	501 1 559 60 291
\$100 to \$149 497 317 9 15 22 105 166 180 9 - 4 \$150 to \$199 1 142 756 128 155 114 189 170 386 34 68 37	33 134 115 132
\$200 to \$249	227 197 336 184 296 231
\$350 to \$399 1 558	167 147 120 70
\$500 or more	97 96 50 77 \$291 \$247
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	γ=/! ΨΣ */
1979 33.6 29.7 38.1 29.7 28.8 25.7 27.7 37.9 47.7 34.4 35.5 Income in 1979 below poverty level 1730 708 172 200 66 127 143 1 022 207 78 65 Percent below poverty level 13.3 10.0 15.6 8.4 7.1 7.1 16.8 17.2 19.6 6.2 11.9	35.3 38.6 231 441 15.1 28.1

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	inin addendin.	rai incaning at symbols, see infroduction. For definitions at			-1	
The SMSA	Tatol	Less than 2 months	2 up ta 6 months	6 ar more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 manths	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant far sale only housing units	1 832	757	922	153	Vacant far rent havsing units	3 305	2 057	919	329
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 raams	185 332 562 416 250 87 5.2	86 127 201 192 101 50 5.3	99 202 335 157 110 19 5.0	- 3 26 67 39 18 6.2	1 room	270 313 670 1 196 637 132 87 3.8	225 171 512 806 215 83 45 3.6	34 89 143 305 281 32 35 4.1	11 53 15 85 141 17 7 4.5
Camplete plumbing far exclusive use	1 825	757	915	153	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	7	-	7	-	Camplete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 158 147	1 931 126	907 12	320 9
None	43 150 611 797 198 33	43 44 196 340 101 33	103 381 364 74	3 34 93 23	BEDROOMS Nane	309 943 1 556 455 24 18	259 615 943 212 22 6	37 256 428 184 2	13 72 185 59 -
1975 ta March 1980	1 102 233 337 78 48 34	304 141 203 54 35 20	692 71 118 24 9 8	106 21 16 - 4 6	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	1 697 629 311 258 115	1 047 415 203 119 70 203	414 189 89 133 30	236 25 19 6 15 28
1, detached or ottached 2 ar mare	1 042 613	450 183	460 409	132 21	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mabile hame ar trailer HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system Other means Nane	1 701 127 4	652 105	900 22 -	149 - 4	1, detached or attoched	715 74 216 226 1 398 530 146	316 60 135 143 918 422 63	279 14 52 83 305 108 78	120 29 175 5
PRICE ASKED	934	430	390	114	RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale anly hausing units	4 - 6 7 46 85 381 135 270	430 - 6 - 8 14 247 32 123 \$73 900	390 - - - 3 17 59 131 90 90 \$78 000	4 - 4 21 12 3 13 57	Specified vacant for rent hausing units	3 305 3 75 203 403 686 1 329 606 \$320	2 057 	919 3 42 64 70 193 341 206 \$320	329 - 9 27 15 85 111 82 \$320

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Price asked—Specified vacant for sale only hausing units							Rent asked—Specified vacant far rent hausing units						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollors)
Tatal	934	4	6	53	601	270	75 800	3 305	3	278	1 089	1 329	606	320
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Camplete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking camplete plumbing far exclusive use	927 7	4 -	6 -	53	594 7	270	76 000 72 500	3 158 147	- 3	245 33	988 101	1 321 8	604 2	325 214
BEDROOMS														
Nane	- 8 179 540 174 33	- - - 4 -	- 6 - -	- 16 29 8 -	8 146 333 99 15	- 11 174 67 18	57 500 62 200 84 800 80 000 200000+	309 943 1 556 455 24 18	- 3 - -	60 94 94 30 -	228 533 297 31 -	19 272 892 146 -	2 44 270 248 24 18	218 286 354 414 500+ 469
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	535 145 111 70 45 28	- - - - 4 -	- - - - - 6	39 - - 14 - -	321 103 82 40 41 14	175 42 29 16 - 8	85 600 75 600 73 000 64 500 71 500 76 300	1 697 629 311 258 115 295	- - 3 - -	63 45 30 36 31 73	416 218 126 123 53 153	840 265 100 66 19 39	378 101 52 33 12 30	354 312 298 282 255 241
1, detached ar attached 2 ar mare Mabile hame ar trailer	934 		 	53 	601 	270 	75 8 00	715 2 444 146	3 - -	117 137 24	192 864 33	119 1 162 48	284 281 41	327 318 364

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Uoto ore estimo	res bosed on o	somple, see	Introduction	. For meonin	g or symbols,	, see iiii odac	non. For der	illillons or let	ins, see oppen	dixes A olid 6	J	
Reno city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	14 258	8	37	197	281	708	1 454	5 139	3 015	2 274	1 145	77 100	89 400
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years	9 856 134 1 718 2 184 4 216 1 604 1 577 78 513 356 373 257 2 825 45 337 428 1 018	8	12 - - 12 - - - - 25 - 6	120 -7 63 50 4 - - 73 13 15	175 20 20 70 65 40 6 7 10 17 66	437 30 33 205 169 68 - 43 12 13 203 5 5 73	847 22 141 97 369 218 177 13 49 46 33 36 430 430 430 430 441 45 45 45 45 45 46 46 47 48 48 48 49 48 49 48 49 49 49 49 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	3 337 89 759 619 1 381 489 668 511 293 119 133 72 1 134 155 442	2 258 23 440 656 847 292 318 8 110 75 72 53 439 47 78	1 752 	910 92 245 483 90 92 - 9 7 45 31 143 - 5 17 65	80 000 71 100 90 600 80 500 70 500 74 200 70 70 69 300 76 300 77 400 69 900 69 900 68 100 71 900 68 100 71 900	92 900 71 100 87 000 103 100 95 900 85 800 68 800 68 800 97 500 84 600 97 000 93 100 79 600 72 900 82 200 83 200
65 years and over	997 50.1 1 978 4 485 2 216 3 194 2 385	72.5 - 4 - - 4	69.2 - 6 - 6 - 9 22	45 64.1 - 28 42 46 81	5 24 38 104	52 143 116 155 242	206 371 140 448 289	806 1 534 805 1 164 830	392 1 138 462 566 457	300 832 378 519 245	217 405 183 105	78 100 82 000 79 000 73 700 70 100	95 000 94 900 94 200 83 900 77 500
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	245 1 133 3 717 3 993 2 636 2 534 6.0	4 4 - - - 3.5	- 13 18 6 - 4.8	16 39 63 68 11 	33 66 127 28 27 - 4.8	29 233 262 115 50 19 4.9	49 290 684 334 80 17 5.1	63 324 1 879 1 857 716 300 5.7	34 98 437 929 920 597 6.5	10 54 171 528 659 852 7.1	7 12 76 128 173 749 8.2	58 500 56 400 65 500 75 800 88 500 120 800	64 700 61 700 69 800 82 300 96 600 136 800
BEDROOMS None	7 341 2 714 7 600 2 982 614	- 8 - - -	- 24 13 -	22 67 93 15	- 46 136 88 11	- 66 304 275 53 10	- 49 615 720 47 23	98 921 3 303 741 76	- 39 312 1 703 812 149	21 227 1 090 777 159	7 100 315 526 197	200000 + 57 800 63 300 75 700 95 400 123 100	250 000 59 900 70 500 84 000 113 000 140 300
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	2 802 1 275 4 130 3 058 1 624 1 369	- - - - 4 4	- 6 - 5 15 11	5 - 23 72 25 72	- 15 19 104 58 85	48 13 151 149 237 110	192 24 324 491 236 187	820 392 1 710 1 186 633 398	830 317 844 547 253 224	540 321 747 394 108 164	367 187 312 110 55 114	87 000 90 800 77 900 70 900 66 400 70 200	104 000 108 200 90 600 78 900 72 400 82 300
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$30,000 or more Medion	540 1 051 856 809 1 583 1 838 3 224 2 711 1 646 \$26 144 \$29 809	- 4 4 4 \$28 750 \$37 960	23 14 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	26 33 6 34 29 21 20 23 5 \$14 963 \$18 165	27 39 32 36 41 43 43 20 - \$15 707 \$17 364	37 111 77 94 146 88 105 44 6 \$15 700 \$17 854	75 191 99 113 263 291 229 145 48 \$19 760 \$21 175	157 344 366 391 701 793 1 331 862 194 \$23 662 \$25 024	102 182 150 69 256 405 843 753 255 \$28 712 \$29 704	44 96 75 51 101 120 518 666 603 \$37 252 \$41 058	49 37 51 21 46 77 135 198 531 \$46 155 \$53 379	68 200 66 900 70 600 66 400 67 500 70 700 78 500 87 700 124 900	80 400 73 300 79 800 70 200 73 700 78 600 86 900 96 500 138 000
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not computed Not computed Not computed Medion	10 637 2 953 1 846 1 733 1 278 780 2 011 3 621 1 588 395 228 186 118 270 38	4 - - - - 50+ 4 4 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19 - - - 19 50+ 18 - 7 7	75 7 11 36 15 15 122 22 20 6 12 6 12 26 12 2	130 40 25 27 10 22 6 19.4 151 18 8 8 - - - 11.7	356 107 277 555 558 58 54 - 24.0 352 373 1000 59 46 50 50 - 15.3	983 249 189 144 120 69 212 - 21.9 471 101 65 20 29 117 34 6	3 994 1 115 592 661 514 288 818 6 22.2 1 145 530 261 97 64 53 65 68 7	2 329 606 441 427 287 177 374 11.3 686 317 121 85 36 29 26 66 61 61	1 854 602 428 260 180 137 247 	893 227 133 107 41 255 7 23.4 252 141 46 31 16 - - 15 3	78 700 79 200 83 300 77 700 77 700 77 700 77 700 76 000 93 500 70 300 69 000 69 000 69 300 68 500 68 500 68 500	91 900 91 700 94 000 87 800 91 400 87 900 95 600 95 600 77 800 77 800 77 800 77 800 73 800 64 000 75 400 82 200 88 200 88 200 80 200 80 80 200 80 200 800 80 200 80
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hedring equipment Centrol hedring system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	14 239 131 19 14 252 12 988 3 863 2 165 534 3.7	8 - - - 8 8 - - -	37 - - 37 21 - 23 62.2	197 - - 197 145 32 5 32 16.2	277 - 4 - 281 235 115 24 6 2.1	708 15 - 708 610 139 39 11	1 447 47 7 	5 139 40 	3 007 5 8 - 3 015 2 809 710 425 111 3.7	2 274 15 - 2 274 2 177 804 629 45 2.0	1 145 9 - 1 139 1 083 563 513 42 3.7	77 100 61 600 53 900 - 77 100 78 100 84 000 104 900 69 100 	89 500 79 600 62 000 89 400 90 800 102 300 123 200 80 300

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Reno city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	23 917	516	570	1 314	2 496	3 191	4 634	3 761	3 897	3 105	433	339
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors married for the following forms of the following follo	7 372 1 212 2 446 1 076 1 866 772 8 527 1 847 3 033 1 086 1 819 742 8 018 1 554 2 121 1 092 1 831 1 420 34.6	10 - - 10 175 - 11 33 131 331 17 - 17 46 251 70.7	83 16 16 -6 45 280 9 9 9 22 114 126 207 31 14 4 33 125 65.6	253 36 71 9 64 73 625 99 109 95 177 145 436 59 985 79 93 120 45.9	485 119 133 48 133 52 1 212 231 437 158 295 91 799 157 115 102 244 181 37.3	698 1112 220 75 149 142 1 090 148 474 128 288 52 1 403 296 389 128 389 128 369 389	1 262 300 438 127 251 146 1 763 445 681 236 325 76 1 609 359 479 238 312 221 31.4	1 329 250 495 178 299 107 1 243 342 450 142 253 56 1 189 324 360 144 231 130 31.8	1 675 241 605 267 460 102 1 172 351 451 187 161 22 1 050 216 307 229 209 89 33.3	1 404 113 445 355 440 51 859 201 412 98 137 11 842 88 325 144 182 103 34.7	173 255 23 17 64 44 108 10 9 36 32 152 7 7 47 7 56 35 35	380 352 384 435 400 314 323 323 326 297 173 324 330 345 345
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	14 655 6 403 1 757 891 211	215 125 68 97 11	305 83 140 37 5	551 453 145 165	1 283 743 326 112 32	1 717 1 049 276 133 16	2 894 1 314 202 160 64	2 574 852 245 62 28	2 661 970 181 78 7	2 310 655 104 36	145 159 70 11 48	356 325 281 260 314
ROOMS 1 room	2 486 2 477 5 789 7 397 3 656 1 374 738 3.7	150 68 202 78 8 10 - 2.7	210 105 136 94 17 - 8 2.2	324 303 420 209 38 10 10 2.6	704 332 740 511 145 53 11 2.8	380 632 1 215 718 160 62 24 3.0	227 665 1 776 1 535 350 64 17	140 210 807 1 865 600 124 15 3.9	76 55 353 1 671 1 206 349 187 4.4	268 70 96 543 1 046 660 422 5.1	7 37 44 173 86 42 44 4.2	234 286 304 363 439 498 500 +
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	23 917 23 165 14 039 8 130 466 530 752 126 584 54 2 449 2 449 2 116	516 475 355 120 	570 497 260 211 26 - 73 22 51 - - 123 90	1 314 1 137 709 356 24 48 177 36 130 - 11 169 148 27 21	2 496 2 194 1 212 908 12 62 302 8 277 17 322 273 14 49	3 191 3 137 1 913 981 75 168 54 24 21 - 9 401 392 63 9	4 634 4 582 2 953 1 489 66 74 52 9 38 5 448 448 30 15	3 761 3 726 2 260 1 317 95 54 35 22 13 340 340 23	3 897 3 886 2 329 1 432 80 45 11 5 6 229 229 28	3 105 3 105 1 703 1 239 88 75 	433 426 345 77 - 4 7 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 8 71 4 7	339 343 341 349 366 297 211 241 210 325 221 308 307 202 208
BEDROOMS None	2 853 8 930 9 233 2 519 312 70	173 264 79 - - -	221 240 84 17 8 -	379 730 169 36 - -	772 1 138 464 122 - -	472 1 971 662 86 -	309 2 754 1 502 58 5	161 1 122 2 289 175 14	82 438 2 556 763 37 21	277 175 1 207 1 170 233 43	7 98 221 92 15 –	239 301 384 494 500+ 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2	5 870 1 549 1 882 2 828 6 847 4 565 376	78 29 41 135 92 141	82 21 21 50 265 109 22	275 92 147 230 404 120 46	467 287 249 387 791 228 87	496 267 275 488 1 101 505 59	639 276 383 529 1 619 1 125 63	506 176 332 412 1 253 1 064	1 589 313 301 282 753 625 34	1 571 66 126 291 396 643 12	167 22 7 24 173 5 35	419 312 327 311 321 352 259
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	6 366 4 287 4 945 3 405 2 071 2 843	176 36 193 48 - 63	99 34 137 92 35 173	82 135 200 271 171 455	285 328 513 483 305 582	583 509 921 553 277 348	1 318 1 028 1 002 582 381 323	1 184 1 136 695 333 130 283	1 117 670 708 657 416 329	1 429 334 506 314 303 219	93 77 70 72 53 68	375 352 324 319 329 268
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	23 215 702 658	408 108 94	507 63 63	1 249 65 57	2 438 58 50	3 128 63 56	4 513 121 114	3 659 102 102	3 823 74 74	3 064 41 41	426 7 7	341 286 302
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	2 308 3 147 3 620 2 959 2 320 4 239 4 546 778 29.2	94 100 150 132 9 12 19 — 22.1	79 97 128 82 29 108 38 9 24.1	335 137 153 210 112 172 183 12 25.6	382 441 344 303 167 370 456 33 26.1	350 370 519 397 299 578 646 32 29.3	349 738 616 542 567 857 852 113 30.1	296 494 568 505 380 653 800 65 29.9	233 482 673 432 440 859 743 35 31.3	190 288 469 356 317 630 809 46 33.6	433	290 329 342 333 348 352 355 338
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air canditianing Central system	23 879 20 570 11 726 6 476	516 464 216 149	570 489 193 114	1 295 982 211 111	2 490 2 001 735 223	3 191 2 378 1 473 487	4 634 4 052 2 777 1 250	3 761 3 399 2 503 1 593	3 891 3 557 1 837 1 286	3 098 2 841 1 546 1 092	433 407 235 171	340 346 353 376

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

					Ho	usehold incor	me in 1979						
Reno city	Totol	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	19 513	965	1 713	1 319	1 199	2 275	2 542	4 212	3 201	2 087	24 441	28 356	859
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	12 559 255 2 281 2 558 5 312 2 143 2 586 160 732 574 713 407 4 368 113 586 594 1 649 1 426 50.3	265 26 30 25 118 66 139 6 6 28 299 31 45 561 54 11 128 393 65,9	571 12 57 22 131 349 229 19 31 21 66 66 69 92 913 30 61 136 322 364 63.4	544 7 43 65 202 227 224 25 33 55 75 11 16 112 82 198 143 57.1	495 9 69 61 139 217 218 26 63 60 60 60 60 60 61 81 83 83 56.3	1 245 42 276 133 408 386 374 34 89 110 86 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	1 758 62 489 347 639 221 353 14 131 88 95 25 431 53 72 207 99 45.5	3 309 81 799 826 1 254 349 493 19 142 124 168 400 410 24 47 207 80 44.9	2 675 16 339 639 1 491 190 280 9 123 78 38 32 246 ——————————————————————————————————	1 697 179 450 930 138 276 8 92 50 94 32 114 - 20 13 37 44 49.0	28 538 22 617 26 744 32 342 76 17 643 21 206 643 21 206 64 15 476 24 531 318 14 792 14 624 14 211 14 847 9 337	32 862 21 264 28 918 37 686 36 862 22 747 26 700 15 779 29 271 27 057 28 283 21 600 16 380 16 91 17 826 16 91 17 829 13 992	320 32 64 33 125 66 136 28 32 12 403 9 39 18 110 227 57.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 400 6 321 3 235 3 853 2 704	154 180 149 218 264	338 304 296 343 432	195 421 246 236 221	215 307 179 309 189	440 788 298 397 352	503 798 457 454 330	710 1 668 666 827 341	528 1 050 610 637 376	317 805 334 432 199	23 556 26 688 24 919 24 599 18 528	26 919 30 942 28 768 28 300 23 704	170 193 134 157 205
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	19 468 242 45 6 6 653 4 170 18 756 5 467 13 289 19 507 11 559 500 1 237 5 566 645 5 57	958 14 7 7 965 827 358 216 7111 463 248 965 450 62 55 368 30 4.8	1 713 5 1 713 1 533 362 1 508 362 1 508 1 007 501 1 713 967 53 84 573 36 4.9	1 319 11 	1 199 7 	2 275 7 - 2 275 2 084 761 441 2 210 940 1 270 2 275 1 447 43 228 506 51 51	2 526 60 16 2 542 2 237 797 463 2 513 2 513 1 817 2 542 1 516 51 204 635 136 5.4	4 198 56 14 6 4 212 3 874 1 399 821 4 182 553 3 629 4 212 2 694 102 230 1 027 159 5,9	3 193 61 8 - 3 195 2 988 984 692 3 170 276 2 894 3 195 1 933 26 180 924 132 6.4	2 087 21 2 087 1 984 760 2 076 2 10 1 866 2 087 1 134 46 118 739 50 7.0	24 435 27 778 24 922 30 468 24 925 24 925 24 980 25 095 14 757 27 757 24 931 16 731 12 760 24 212 25 609 24 212	28 367 30 077 23 786 32 010 28 352 28 821 30 208 32 895 29 030 18 226 352 27 983 22 7 503 29 785 28 305 29 785	852 20 7 859 725 258 163 725 375 350 859 404 46 54 303 52 5.1
Specified owner-occupied housing units	14 258	540	1 051	856	809	1 583	1 838	3 224	2 711	1 646	26 144	29 809	534
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With 0 mortgage	10 637 205 697 1 045 908 1 042 2 032 1 622 1 707 3 3621 - 45 234 473 688 1 171 541 449 \$166	250 19 19 38 56 15 29 14 23 37 \$344 290 	530 222 799 68 46 48 1000 544 73 40 \$401 521 7 7 81 81 97 110 1300 42 54 54 73 84 110 84 110 84 110 84 110 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84	507 48 41 93 38 60 112 43 37 37 \$378 349 - 12 41 50 63 95 64 44 \$154	500 5 63 63 85 49 96 63 45 31 \$385 309 - - - 2 2 50 99 100 34 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 1 5 1 6 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7 1 7	1 094 19 72 114 103 155 245 201 126 59 \$428 489 — 8 8 20 20 89 118 137 51 66 \$153	1 456 12 131 190 163 123 295 245 191 106 \$433 382 - 5 6 6 57 75 168 36 35 35 35 36 35 36 35 36 36 35 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	2 691 49 146 231 209 262 592 461 516 225 \$478 533 ——————————————————————————————————	2 232 25 115 201 148 250 378 351 413 351 \$500 479 - - 1 11 11 13 33 92 166 6107 70	1 377 6 31 47 60 80 185 190 283 495 \$647 269 - - 10 20 84 45 110	28 195 15 481 22 922 23 922 23 923 26 867 26 114 26 909 30 409 315 830 18 165 - 10 521 10 366 15 110 16 045 20 978 23 542 27 550	31 757 23 429 24 427 25 046 29 614 32 120 35 113 46 041 24 087 	321 19 11 46 48 44 42 41 33 37 \$391 213 - - 17 17 19 32 78 33 34 \$175
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgoge Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgoged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not mortgoged Less thon 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgoged Less thon 10 percent	10 637 2 953 1 846 1 733 1 278 780 2 011 36 21.4 3 621 1 588 798 395 228 186 118 270 38	250 - - - - - 214 36 50+ 290 - - 13 20 111 208 38 50+	530 6 - 55 37 22 460 - 50+ 521 - 60 104 105 116 74 62 - 24.6	507 7 5 5 64 48 76 315 - 40.5 349 32 104 95 55 39 24 - -	500 17 96 60 92 235 34.2 309 27 173 94 15 -	1 094 199 129 197 189 191 369 - 30.3 489 168 205 74 4 9 - -	1 456 241 271 278 278 157 231 - 23.9 382 248 103 20 0 11	2 691 666 690 581 460 179 115 – 19.9 533 338 120 8 – 7 – 10 –	2 232 1 099 536 377 112 52 56 - 15.2 479 451 28 - - - - - - 10—	1 377 915 198 143 94 11 16 - 12.2 269 264 5 - - -	28 195 40 227 31 934 27 739 20 218 12 676 2500— 18 165 32 309 15 923 12 461 9 730 7 463 3 894 2500— 	31 757 34 173 30 105 27 238 21 570 14 267 	321 - - 3 - 12 270 36 50+ 213 - - - 11 164 38 50+

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
Reno city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	24 192	3 135	4 890	3 129	2 234	4 154	2 758	2 506	918	468	13 554	16 041	2 605
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	7 507 1 234 2 484 1 104 1 908 777	434 135 110 56 67 66	780 143 235 43 138 221	732 165 216 81 164 106	683 153 232 72 164 62	1 543 301 488 201 419	1 322 178 498 189 359 98	1 349 109 574 276 355 35	454 32 115 144 147	210 18 16 42 95 39	18 473 15 290 19 604 22 680 20 031 12 394	20 854 16 326 20 237 23 842 23 388 19 545	475 135 148 66 79 47
Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Femole householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors	8 611 1 864 3 073 1 093 1 829 752 8 074 1 554	1 162 292 280 116 172 302 1 539 293	1 856 371 595 221 413 256 2 254 402	1 266 367 483 130 240 46 1 131 264	810 154 384 78 171 23 741 152	1 421 356 505 265 265 30 1 190 240	848 171 316 119 199 43 588 94	750 105 304 120 201 20 407 64	322 39 143 29 111 - 142 32	176 9 63 15 57 32 82 13	12 566 11 832 13 662 15 022 13 808 6 303 10 539 10 777	15 230 12 908 16 298 16 526 16 825 10 853 12 431 12 217	886 320 276 75 102 113 1 244 299
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors ond over Medion age	2 127 1 099 1 861 1 433 34.6	202 101 245 698 44.4	505 298 619 430 37.7	337 177 282 71 31.6	236 122 190 41 32.0	338 237 277 98 33.6	185 95 162 52 34.3	245 43 35 20 33.5	44 26 33 7 37.4	35 - 18 16 47.3	12 707 12 126 10 590 5 181	15 464 13 333 12 209 7 760	215 108 239 383 33.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	14 802 6 497 1 774 903 216	1 961 577 313 226 58	3 006 1 194 403 228 59	2 007 836 168 102 16	1 319 656 180 68 11	2 597 1 215 249 60 33	1 644 808 198 97 11	1 540 738 157 55 16	508 303 78 24 5	220 170 28 43 7	13 309 14 945 12 542 9 953 9 338	15 515 17 404 15 101 17 329 13 434	1 805 470 186 94 50
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	23 440 14 231 8 206 466 537 752 126 584	2 922 1 876 924 42 80 213 41 164	4 581 3 071 1 305 87 118 309 35 257	3 064 2 096 878 22 68 65 8	2 206 1 314 767 43 82 28 14	4 076 2 466 1 461 88 61 78 16 48	2 753 1 449 1 225 53 26 5	2 484 1 400 965 50 69 22 7	895 367 481 35 12 23	459 192 200 46 21 9 -	13 807 12 638 15 608 17 378 12 576 7 470 7 969 7 192 18 750	16 234 15 050 17 941 22 057 16 493 10 008 9 264 10 068 19 020	2 460 1 328 912 84 136 145 29
1.51 or more	37	8	17	3	Ξ	9	=	=	=	Ξ	9 044	10 381	11
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles avoiloble 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Battled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	24 154 20 779 11 790 6 521 20 364 11 840 8 524 24 154 15 063 4 712 3 582 349	3 116 2 649 1 391 722 1 906 1 554 352 3 116 1 782 60 791 427 56	4 871 4 057 2 242 1 036 3 470 2 640 830 4 871 2 956 158 857 776	3 129 2 592 1 653 880 2 659 1 848 811 3 129 1 870 75 785 374	2 234 1 848 1 098 521 2 028 1 367 661 2 234 1 493 9 401 308 23	4 154 3 604 1 901 1 012 3 924 2 205 1 719 4 154 2 600 61 803 639 51	2 758 2 491 1 340 902 2 620 1 078 1 542 2 758 1 835 41 396 442 44	2 506 2 270 1 307 902 2 467 771 1 696 2 506 1 622 21 464 380	918 834 517 329 868 228 640 918 639 15 139	468 434 341 217 422 149 273 468 266 8 76 118	13 575 13 977 13 887 15 129 12 335 19 654 13 575 14 046 10 200 12 255 14 237 9 778	16 059 16 359 16 958 18 392 17 329 14 286 21 556 16 059 16 299 13 777 14 597 17 611 12 454	2 580 2 191 1 184 645 1 755 1 291 464 2 580 1 460 69 717 317
Medion rooms	3.7	2.8	124 3.1	25 3.5	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.1			3.1
Specified renter-occupied housing units	23 917	3 120	4 861	3 098	2 209	4 114	2 719	2 435	893	468	13 495	15 991	2 594
CONTRACT RENT Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	762 962 2 116 3 621 5 410 4 591 2 761 2 338 923 433 \$291	503 241 360 583 588 357 133 145 112 98	158 356 730 896 1 054 865 325 205 175 97 \$262	29 103 193 633 921 585 315 225 40 54 \$284	15 71 215 357 590 539 200 151 28 43 \$287	27 88 374 572 934 904 639 401 112 63 \$302	42 117 237 713 680 407 399 108 16 \$318	3 50 90 230 416 443 502 533 141 27 \$347	14 11 23 69 138 177 182 160 109 10 \$353	13 - 14 44 56 41 58 119 98 25 \$396	4 338 8 314 9 815 11 309 13 102 14 766 17 703 20 536 19 680 10 995	6 698 10 481 12 075 13 246 15 131 16 026 19 633 22 728 26 453 15 165	273 162 232 463 553 382 160 184 107 78 \$262
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Median	516 570 1 314 2 496 3 191 4 634 3 761 3 897 3 105 433 \$339	427 223 275 450 466 470 302 193 216 98 \$270	56 259 530 684 828 882 715 479 331 97 \$301	10 21 120 387 469 877 438 484 238 54 \$329	6 34 81 259 401 449 392 375 169 43 \$334	20 191 415 516 846 768 756 539 63 \$352	- 44 108 227 634 572 637 481 16 \$380	3 67 130 179 315 374 687 653 27 \$420	14 -6 36 69 130 132 195 301 10 \$428	- 13 - 27 36 31 68 91 177 25 \$451	3 933 6 013 8 702 10 736 11 607 12 990 15 201 17 269 20 568 10 995	4 973 7 728 10 530 12 459 13 400 14 889 16 8C3 19 412 23 637 15 165	226 123 169 322 401 463 340 229 243 78 \$302
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	2 308 3 147 3 620 2 959 2 320 4 239 4 546 778 29.2	33 80 142 171 38 200 2 013 443 50+	28 108 257 365 332 1 555 2 119 97 47.4	22 92 224 399 653 1 310 344 54 36.0	75 153 364 501 494 541 38 43 29.9	290 595 1 062 945 585 542 32 63 25.4	212 944 848 421 187 91 - 16 21.2	671 904 653 149 31 - 27 17.9	559 246 70 8 - - 10 13.2	418 25 - - - - 25 10—	32 159 22 862 18 698 15 177 13 193 10 696 5 500 2500—	37 790 23 043 18 843 15 117 13 657 10 822 5 657 8 368	31 54 109 75 38 249 1 615 423 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(OOIO OIE ESIIIIC	nes bused on o	Somple, see iiiii	odoction. For in	eoning or symbo	ors, see introducti	on. Tor defining	1113 OF TETTITS, 3ET	e oppetiones A	oug p1	
Reno city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	10 637	205	697	1 045	908	1 042	2 032	1 622	1 707	1 379	467
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	1 211 3 576 2 257 2 284 878 279 114 38 2.74	59 90 20 19 9 8 - -	93 317 135 128 8 16 - - 2.31	164 434 225 136 70 6 10	113 341 153 172 65 55 9 - 2.50	176 372 150 196 118 6 13	193 686 477 462 134 45 25 10 2.79	136 449 396 388 174 47 32 - 3.07	152 525 404 388 189 32 17 —	125 362 297 395 111 64 8 17 3.18	400 431 494 507 520 507 500 490
## HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	7 708 119 1 671 2 092 3 260 566 1 238 62 470 314 314 78 1 691 37 332 420 679 223 44.3	99	466 - 8 8 1112 2290 566 43 - 5 8 14 16 188 5 22 40 101 20 52.4	694 7 61 103 385 138 95 6 25 5 45 14 226 25 6 34 151 40 54.1	649 	688	1 492 35 355 424 559 119 262 12 104 87 59 - 278 12 90 84 81 11	1 186 32 330 382 407 35 237 19 98 87 27 6 199 6 46 46 59 69 19	1 364 37 482 374 444 27 196 10 102 43 41 147 4 33 60 37 13 38.8	1 070 8 211 403 417 31 148 15 60 27 46 - 161 5 27 49 68 12 41.8	483 555 557 530 429 345 482 568 500 420 247 385 435 432 464 347 315
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 807 4 146 1 899 2 356 429	8 24 31 91 51	13 66 104 406 108	164 221 557 103	13 195 261 372 67	43 372 351 249 27	285 1 043 359 332 13	301 874 249 186 12	602 813 189 84 19	542 595 134 79 29	660 524 397 317 277
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	117 561 2 496 3 055 2 261 2 147 6.2	10 6 82 59 30 18 5.6	8 67 246 246 106 24 5.6	20 25 436 301 152 111 5.6	4- 76 261 287 186 94 5.9	4 59 244 325 269 141 6.2	7 164 480 655 368 358 6.1	25 89 353 437 353 365 6.3	32 53 307 445 409 461 6.5	7 22 87 300 388 575 7.2	522 426 396 448 506 590
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	2 621 1 167 3 623 1 854 827 545	13 12 48 108 12	8 7 274 262 107 39	33 3 33 503 262 175 39	35 65 487 174 86 61	113 154 416 207 79	594 224 652 297 169 96	529 234 484 247 67 61	676 208 514 173 88 48	620 230 245 124 44 116	597 538 412 379 371 438
VALUE Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	4 19 75 130 356 983 3 994 2 329 1 854 893 \$78 700	- - - 22 31 100 24 28 - - \$67 600	- 5 22 45 56 149 347 59 14 - \$63 300	- - 8 22 80 202 498 142 69 24 \$68 200	4 8 7 23 62 86 438 170 90 20 \$70,800	29 25 15 81 456 260 163 13 \$76 600	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 6 - 5 41 112 633 462 275 88 \$80 500			325 328 351 295 316 365 419 495 576 750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	2 953 1 846 1 733 1 278 780 2 011 36 21.4	124 10 41 5 - 25 - 11.6	423 84 71 47 28 38 6	577 141 110 51 54 112 	367 198 100 60 59 118 6	402 229 139 79 59 127 7	503 447 376 209 141 350 6 20.8	241 358 293 264 126 340 23.6	212 252 329 301 186 427 - 26.0	104 127 274 262 127 474 11 28.4	348 451 510 571 539 569 393
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearling equipment Steam or hot water system Central worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House hearling fuel Utility gos 8 ottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	10 637 370 8 830 137 422 878 2 868 1 638 1 230 10 637 7 040 79 386 2 701 431	205 6 141 -14 444 37 19 18 205 148 10 7 7 27	697 21 524 	1 045 33 808 17 74 113 224 78 146 1 045 594 14 23 366 48	908 18 716 29 62 83 226 99 127 908 551 - 38 282 37	1 042 51 893 18 24 56 235 113 122 1 042 666 6 34 286 50	2 032 71 1 675 13 93 180 549 278 271 2 032 1 309 27 54 561 81	1 622 33 1 385 23 44 137 392 217 175 1 622 1 107 - 59 374 82	1 707 63 1 471 9 38 126 541 379 162 1 707 1 191 4 90 356 66	1 379 74 1 217 28 75 53 456 397 59 1 379 977 6 67 303 26	467 470 480 467 346 421 491 580 420 467 479 379 539 445 439

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

						T				
Reno city	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupled housing units	3 621	_	45	234	473	688	1 171	541	469	166
	3 021	_	43	204	475			341	407	100
PERSONS IN UNIT	1 027	_	27	120	205	209	195	140	121	142
1 person 2 persons	1 027 1 775	_	18	130 90	201	357	644	247	121 218	143 167
3 persons 4 persons	453 222	Ξ	_	9	58 9	62	199 91	71 39	63 36	177 180
5 persons	77	_	_	Ś		7	20	21	24	215
6 persons 7 persons	45 22	_	_	_	_	15	7 15	16 7	7	215 202 187
8 or more persons	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
Medion	1.94	-	1.33	1.40	1.66	1.88	2,11	2.03	2.02	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	2 148	-	11	90	226	395	804	327	295	172
15 to 24 years	15 47	Ξ1	Ξ	-	_	6	19	28	_	96 208
35 to 44 years	92 956	-	_	5 46	9 89	6 201	27 326	24	21	198 172
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	1 038	_	11	30	128	182	432	151 124	143 131	169
Male householder, no wife present	339 16	-	6	51	57	64	78 8	41	42	147 150
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors	43	=	_	7	5	-	7	_	24	250+
35 to 44 yeors	42 59	Ξ	- 6	8 20	- 4	6 9	12 7	9	7	179 122
65 years and over	179	_	-	16	48	41	44	19	11	141
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	1 134 8	_	28	93	190	229 8	289	173	132	155 138
25 to 34 years	5	_	-	-	_		=	5	_	225
35 to 44 yeors	339	_	_	15	- 72	95	8 88	62	7	175 147
65 years and over	774	-	28	78	118	126	193	106	125	160
Medion age	66.4	-	76.1	65.9	68.4	65.2	66.7	63.6	67.1	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	171	-	- 6	10	17	26	66	11	41	175
1975 to 1978	339 317	Ξ	11	34	53 37	61	83 64	88 83	48 47	180 178
1960 to 1969	838	-	5 23	69 121	102 264	155 405	280	158 201	69	166
1959 or eorlier	1 956	_	23	121	204	405	678	201	264	162
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	128 572	_	10	34 71	128 128	12 154	46 101	73	8 35	129 138
5 rooms	1 221	-	29	102	180	297	438	104	71	150
6 rooms 7 rooms	938 375	_	_	27	127 16	150 58	339 157	182 81	113 63	174 186
8 or more rooms	387	-	-	_	-	17	90	101	179	243
Medion	5.4	-	4.7	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.5	6.0	6.6	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980	181	-	_ 5	5 7	11	14 14	67	40	44 23	195
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	108 507	_	6	6	13 45	86	21 162	25 126	76	186 184
1950 to 1959	1 204	-	5	86 45	146 149	267	394	173	133	162
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	797 824	_	6 23	85 85	109	167 140	295 232	61 116	74 119	155
VALUE										
Less thon \$10,000	4	_	_	_	4	_	_	_	_	113
\$10,000 to \$19,999	18	_	7	4	_	7	=	- :		88
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	122 151	_	- 5	14 53	44 16	20 31	5 41	25 5	14	129
\$40,000 to \$49,999	352	_	8	14 53 14	104	44	129	28	25	152
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	471 1 1 145	_	- 14	41 85	63 181	144 320	167 401	30 91	26 53	126 152 148 148 178
\$80,000 to \$99,999	686	_	iĩ	18	44	111	279	161	62	178
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	420 252	_	_	5	17	11	125 24	141 60	126 163	220 250+
Medion	\$71 400	_	\$61 600	\$54 700	\$60 300	\$67 500	\$71 200	\$91 100	\$121 600	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less thon 10 percent	1 588	-	25	102	244	305	553	212	147	161
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	798 395	_	7	57 11	112 52	199 71	210 155	105 60	108	156 170
20 to 24 percent	228	-	13	34	28	17	56	36	44	170
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	186 118	_	_	13 6	7	32 25	80 24	43 25 51	11 38	176 208
35 percent or more	270	-	-	11	30	33	70	51	38 75	194
Not computed	38 11.3	_	10-	11.3	10—	10.9	10.5	9 12.6	14.1	178
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	3 615	_	45	234	473	688	1 171	535	469	166
Steom or hot woter system	246	_	-	7	11	43	51	61	73	209
Central worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	2 640 · 12	-	19	128	314	467	931	423	358 5	171 146
Floor, woll, or pipeless turnoce	331	_	13	53	67	85	88	25		146 135
Other meons	386 995	-	13 19	46 53	81 80	86 176	101 312	26 126	33 229	140 177
Centrol system	527	-	11	12	17	60	182	92	153	195
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	468 3 615	-	8 45	41 234	63 473	116 688	130 1 171	34 535	76 469	152 166
Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	1 205	_	16	158	264	255	352	63	97	141
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	47 51	-	-	8	7	8 7	18 10	_ 14	6 20	151 230
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 211	_	22	62	177	393	772	439	346	179
Other	101	-	7	6	25	25	19	19	-	138

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Owner-occupied housing units							Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units								
Reno city	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier						
Occupied housing units	19 513	4 314	2 814	5 296	5 483	1 606	24 192	6 439	4 302	4 993	5 58 8	2 870						
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years ————————————————————————————————————	12 559 255 2 281 2 568 5 312 2 143 2 586 732 574 713 407 4 368 113 586 594 1 649 1 426 50.3	2 933 75 958 804 212 683 55 264 188 159 17 698 303 162 29 38.4	1 855 46 387 383 803 236 355 7 80 132 56 604 20 67 110 261 146 48.8	3 654 80 487 863 1 725 499 649 41 133 147 206 122 993 39 79 139 486 250 50.3	3 378 49 373 409 1 636 911 611 38 205 86 151 131 1 494 16 84 157 649 588 57.7	739 5 76 1099 2644 2855 2888 289 509 509 509 509 509 65 81 11 579 509 65 81 13 65.9	7 507 1 234 2 484 1 104 1 908 777 8 611 1 864 3 073 1 829 752 8 074 1 554 2 127 1 099 1 861 1 433 34.6	1 995 364 669 348 535 79 2 307 490 974 4353 383 107 2 137 536 671 286 412 232 32.1	1 297 225 434 208 346 84 1 479 474 538 116 269 82 1 526 312 443 195 361 215 32.7	1 724 279 577 227 363 278 1 502 303 507 221 388 83 1 767 251 324 332 399 461 38.3	1 718 307 607 226 425 153 1 988 447 725 190 435 191 1 882 376 549 187 409 361	773 59 197 75 239 183 1 335 150 329 213 354 289 762 79 140 99 280 280 164 47.4						
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 400 6 321 3 235 3 853 2 704	1 852 2 462 - - -	409 1 098 1 307 - -	635 1 406 1 002 2 253	434 965 791 1 330 1 963	70 390 135 270 741	14 802 6 497 1 774 903 216	5 518 921 - - -	2 749 1 251 302 -	2 588 1 674 436 295	2 689 1 918 577 326 78	1 258 733 459 282 138						
ROOMS 1 room	91 364 904 2 748 4 901 4 699 5 806 5.7	24 108 252 526 914 914 1 576 5.9	12 81 184 608 534 537 858 5.5	17 96 174 529 1 181 1 391 1 908 6.0	29 79 195 820 1 757 1 516 1 087 5.4	9 - 99 265 515 341 377 5.3	2 493 2 483 5 823 7 509 3 713 1 389 782 3.7	615 641 1 526 1 880 1 203 396 178 3.7	344 422 964 1 814 571 138 49 3.7	262 499 1 383 1 666 705 278 200 3.7	570 590 1 307 1 598 917 427 179 3.7	702 331 643 551 317 150 176 3.1						
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	19 468 14 147 5 079 197 45 45 39 -	4 314 3 095 1 187 20 12 - -	2 798 2 085 670 37 6 16	5 296 3 591 1 630 58 17 - -	5 461 4 058 1 316 77 10 22 16 -	1 599 1 318 276 5 7 7	23 440 14 231 8 206 466 537 752 126 584 5	6 355 3 938 2 222 89 106 84 - 84	4 175 2 621 1 435 59 60 127 23 96 	4 936 3 046 1 656 139 95 57 8 49	5 444 3 194 1 908 156 186 144 44 83 5	2 530 1 432 985 23 90 340 51 272 -						
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	3 975 7 657 3 351 2 804 1 119 607 2.26	816 1 575 365 667 250 141 2.35	574 1 193 467 359 176 45 2.20	841 1 952 899 921 473 210 2.43	1 253 2 247 886 739 180 178 2.16	491 690 234 118 40 33 1.95	10 290 8 357 3 128 1 496 692 229 1.72	2 738 2 257 854 419 124 47 1.71	1 735 1 729 497 244 83 14 1.74	2 030 1 608 815 313 171 56 1.79	2 296 1 842 719 398 251 82 1.77	1 491 921 243 122 63 30 1.46 4 836						
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	16 023 236 293 294 461 383 1 823	3 348 6 37 72 185 224 442	1 732 - 138 76 72 63 733	4 474 45 56 105 111 72 433	5 014 143 41 24 50 13 198	1 455 42 21 17 43 11 17	6 145 1 549 1 882 2 828 6 847 4 565 376	876 136 502 727 2 152 1 995 51	410 95 340 584 1 578 1 161 134	1 215 354 415 824 1 282 785 118	2 533 728 464 423 1 067 308 65	1 111 236 161 270 768 316 8						
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hedring equipment Steam or hot water system Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other means Air conditioning Centrol system 1 or more individual room units House hearing fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, efc. Other income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	19 507 806 15 283 699 964 1 755 6 653 4 170 2 483 19 507 11 559 500 1 237 5 566 645 859 4.4	4 308 105 3 915 63 65 160 262 4 308 3 693 153 279 120 63 113 2.6	2 814 67 2 202 356 35 154 1 338 986 352 2 814 2 103 105 460 100 46 123 4.4	5 296 200 4 403 188 127 378 1 604 926 678 5 296 3 048 116 355 1 563 214 193 3.6	5 483 231 3 821 64 624 743 1 621 670 951 5 483 2 322 100 101 2 729 231 298 5.4	1 606 203 942 28 113 320 378 138 240 1 606 393 26 42 1 054 1 054 8.2	24 154 2 476 13 942 2 349 2 012 3 375 11 790 6 521 5 269 24 154 15 062 4 4712 3 582 349 2 605 10.8	6 433 172 4 637 1 045 189 390 4 963 3 191 1 772 6 433 4 067 29 2 206 111 20 682 10.6	4 302 413 2 876 464 131 418 3 154 1 737 1 417 4 302 3 027 70 1 030 160 15 523 12.2	4 993 575 2 785 412 477 744 2 357 1 150 1 207 4 993 3 448 82 778 631 54 489 9.8	5 575 506 2 670 346 896 1 157 378 582 5 575 3 323 215 543 1 360 10.1	2 851 810 974 82 319 666 356 65 291 1 198 52 155 1 320 126 348 12.1						
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or \$49,999	965 1 713 1 319 1 199 2 275 2 542 4 212 3 201 2 087 \$24 441 \$28 356	104 191 210 213 546 568 1 126 744 612 \$27 825 \$32 000	119 258 199 160 301 343 602 549 283 \$25 337 \$29 434	259 402 326 309 486 740 1 167 993 614 \$25 782 \$29 302	295 623 454 374 719 718 1 097 762 441 \$21 615 \$25 705	188 239 130 143 223 173 220 153 137 \$16 853 \$22 609	3 135 4 890 3 129 2 234 4 154 2 758 2 506 918 468 \$13 554 \$16 041	767 1 091 1 031 627 1 004 671 731 386 131 \$13 818 \$16 869	571 825 549 358 778 506 473 133 109 \$13 939 \$16 222	703 875 538 478 881 635 620 160 103 \$14 490 \$16 945	597 1 206 722 574 1 097 694 501 138 59 \$13 672 \$15 109	497 893 289 197 394 252 181 101 66 \$10 389 \$14 152						

Table B -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Owner-accupied housing units						Re	enter-accupied	hausing units							
Reno city	Total	1 unit, detached ar attached	2 ar more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached ar attoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 ta 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 ar mare units	Mobile home ar trailer, etc.				
Occupied housing units Condaminium housing units	1 9 513 2 005	16 023 1 070	1 667 935	1 823	24 192 1 271	6 145 443	1 549 40	1 882 163	2 828 87	6 847 209	4 565 329	376				
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	12 559	10 994	622	943	7 507	2 646	573	571	773	1 648	1 156	140				
15 ta 24 years	255 2 281	166 2 011	44 81	45 189	1 234 2 484	381 973	32 223	184 152	104 310	315 430	187 374	31 22 16				
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and aver	2 568 5 312 2 143	2 377 4 687 1 753	119 231 147	72 394 243	1 104 1 908 777	467 602 223	59 140 119	58 120 57	132 157 70	246 484 173	126 353 116	52 19				
Mole householder, no wife present	2 586 160	1 819 107	455 47	312	8 611 1 864	1 825 517	485 67	602 106	994 178	2 879 667	1 688 297	138 32 34 8				
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	732 574	578 438	99 90	55 46	3 073 1 093	734 210	237 27	261 79	354 117	826 430	627 222	34 8				
45 ta 64 years65 years and aver	713 407 4 368	419 277 3 210	149 70 590	145 60 568	1 829 752 8 074	230 134	129 25 491	109 47 709	224 121	673 283	413 129	51 13 98				
Pemole householder, no husbond present	113 586	51 388	32 113	30 85	1 554 2 127	1 674 242 576	77 84	187 239	1 061 159 283	2 320 587 621	1 721 299 324	3				
35 to 44 years	594 1 649	488 1 201	70 215	36 233	1 099 1 861	278 341	78 113	81 119	171 212	296 537	184 478	11 61 23				
65 years and over	1 426 50.3	1 082 49.8	160 49.2	184 56.6	1 433 34.6	237 33.3	139 37.5	83 30.5	236 35.5	279 34.8	436 37.4	23 49.3				
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 400	2 330	570	500	14 802	3 261	730	1 147	1 573	4 753	3 161	177				
1975 ta 1978	6 321 3 235 3 853	5 268 2 476 3 441	468 263 193	585 496 219	6 497 1 774 903	1 978 484 287	479 223 96	533 138 46	827 262 161	1 495 364 198	1 045 253 106	140 50				
1959 or earlier	2 704	2 508	173	23	216	135	21	18	5	37	-	-				
1 raam2 raams	91 364	- 76	36 72	55 216	2 493 2 483	119 256	26 124	18 195	210 317	1 401 964	703 567	16 60				
3 roams4 raams	904 2 748	240 1 487	318 590	346 671	5 823 7 509	808 1 889	436 631	599 718	768 934	1 778 1 977	1 330 1 252	104 108				
5 raams 6 raams 7 or mare raoms	4 901 4 699 5 806	4 216 4 423 5 581	346 126 179	339 150 46	3 713 1 389 782	1 582 859 632	197 89 46	260 72 20	513 70 16	595 109 23	527 159 27	39 31 18				
Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5.7	6.0	4.2	3.9	3.7	4.5	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.1	3.3	3.6				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	19 468 14 147	16 004 11 600	1 647 1 258	1 817 1 289	23 440 14 231	6 131 3 774	1 535 1 026	1 860 1 158	2 723 1 717	6 422 3 637	4 400 2 704	369 215				
0.51 ta 1.00 1.01 ta 1.50	5 079 197	4 261 135	348 20	470 42	8 206 466	2 140 149	461 32	656 26	907 58	2 410 136	1 485 58	147 7				
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	45 45 39	8 19 19	21 20 20	16 6	537 752	68 14	16 14	20 22	41 105	239 425	153 165	7				
0.50 ar less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50		-	20	Ξ	126 584	14	9	13	33 46	58 354 5	17 148	7				
1.51 ar mare BEDROOMS	6	-	_	6	37	-	-	3	26	8	-	-				
Nane	114 1 282	13 391	46 391	55 500	2 866 8 989	144 1 353	41 641	52 835	261 1 145	1 566 2 735	786 2 117	16 163 157				
3	5 352 8 799 3 278	3 423 8 360 3 176	882 233 87	1 047 206	9 323 2 610	2 463 1 810	691 167	921 69	1 243 170	2 354 192	1 494 168	157 34				
4 5 ar mare	688	660	28	15	334 70	325 50	-	5	9	-	_	6				
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 ta \$9,999	965 1 713	616 1 197	128 176	221 340	3 135 4 890	470 876	148 285	261 343	429 708	1 086 1 613	671 966	70 99				
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 319 1 199	951 937	165 123	203 139	3 129 2 234	728 546	220 121	255 132	395 272	948 750	536 392	70 99 47 21 68 15 38				
\$15,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 ta \$24,999	2 275 2 542	1 788 2 047	219 257	268 238	4 154 2 758	1 204 891	312 260	437 194	400 258	1 032 565	701 575	68				
\$25,000 ta \$34,999 \$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ar mare	4 212 3 201 2 087	3 617 2 955 1 915	311 139 149	284 107 23	2 506 918 468	977 309 144	129 65	145 102 13	276 90	566 152 135	375 182 167	18				
Median	\$24 441 \$28 356	\$26 073 \$30 049	\$20 356 \$24 212	\$15 162 \$17 262	\$13 554 \$16 041	\$16 642 \$18 648	\$15 006 \$15 865	\$14 053 \$15 514	\$11 753 \$13 826	\$11 911 \$14 258	\$13 198 \$17 081	\$11 011 \$13 281				
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	19 507	16 017	1 667	1 823	24 154	6 145	1 543	1 882	2 828	6 835	4 545	376				
Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air formace ar electric heat pump	806 15 283	685 12 811	1 029	1 443	2 476 13 942	216 3 682	43 952	194 898	506 1 455	1 028 3 701	489 3 004	250				
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace Other means	699 964 1 755	336 803 1 382	328 39 150	35 122 223	2 349 2 012 3 375	349 701 1 197	52 249 247	248 162 380	300 222 345	853 505 748	524 165 363	23 8 95				
Air conditioning	6 653 4 170	4 566 2 685	987 710	1 100 775	11 790 6 521	1 173 550	216 90	681 364	1 329 750	4 373 2 009	3 827 2 622	191				
Vehicles available	18 756 5 467	15 582 3 893	1 533 722	1 641 852	20 364 11 840	5 658 2 381	1 377 836	1 689 1 037	2 261 1 408	5 422 3 694	3 648 2 286	136 309 198 111				
2 or mare House heating fuel Utility gas	13 289 19 507 11 559	11 689 16 017 9 486	811 1 667	789 1 823 1 228	8 524 24 154 15 063	3 277 6 145	541 1 543 1 005	652 1 882 1 208	853 2 828 1 966	1 728 6 835 4 203	1 362 4 545 2 705	376				
8attled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	500 1 237	143 701	845 49 453	308 83	448 4 712	3 803 57 665	24 150	44 440	72 490	126 1 587	53 1 319	376 173 72 61 70				
Fuel oil, kerasene, etcOther	5 566 645	5 107 580	272 48	187 17	3 582 349	1 452 168	358 6	170 20	263 37	856 63	413 55	-				
Lithity ans	19 506 7 965	16 016 6 188	1 667 609	1 823 1 168	24 165 10 301	6 141 2 401	1 549 591	1 877 888	2 817 1 270	6 847 2 996	4 565 1 994	369 161				
8attled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	533 10 436 529	125 9 185 482	65 939 47	343 312	616 11 923 1 298	100 3 487 142	57 850 51	30 883 67	114 1 301 132	150 3 152 549	76 2 140 348	89 110 9				
Other Fomily householder	43 14 614	36 12 701	7 790	1 123	27 10 339	11 3 610	722	9 831	1 132	2 270	7 1 580	194				
With awn children under 18 years With awn children under 6 years	6 047 2 141	5 576 1 989	236 71	235 81	4 654 2 367	1 896 971	292 148	429 241	527 293	921 434	549 260	40 20 49 15				
Femole householder, no husband present	1 619 832 161	1 356 749 137	123 40	140 43	2 095 1 468	724 512	121 71	1 71 126	293 223	459 359 141	278 162	49 15				
Nonfomily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	4 899 859	3 322 619	11 877 88	13 700 1 52	532 13 853 2 605	175 2 535 425	17 827 166	1 051 1 186	100 1 696 310	4 577 843	34 2 985 627	182				
Percent belaw paverty level	4.4	3.9	5.3	8.3	10.8	6.9	10.7	9.9	11.0	12.3	13.7	12.8				

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	fpoin are estimo	res bosed on o s	somple, see intro	doction. For the	oning of symbols	, see infroduction	ii. For defininoi	is or reims, see	oppendixes A C	ווע טן	
Reno city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	19 513 1 337	3 975	7 657 735	3 351 326	2 804 173	1 119 62	370 35	177 -	60 6	2.26 2.41	52 320 3 842
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	1 359 2 748 4 901 4 699 2 944 2 862 5.7	739 1 117 1 105 589 259 166 4.6	474 1 272 2 323 1 865 995 728 5.4	109 237 850 1 015 574 566 6.0	16 90 421 820 681 776 6.6	9 18 134 290 302 366 6.9	12 6 38 67 92 155 7.2	8 30 42 41 56 6.7	- - 11 - 49 8.5+	1.42 1.70 2.08 2.44 2.88 3.45	2 478 5 184 11 559 13 295 9 478 10 326
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	19 468 19 226 197 45 45 39	3 952 3 952 - - 23 23 -	7 635 7 625 	3 351 3 318 33 - - -	2 804 2 788 10 6 - -	1 119 1 092 18 9 - -	370 314 44 12 - -	177 97 72 8 - -	60 40 20 -	2.26 2.24 6.35 5.22 1.48 1.35	52 247 50 925 1 092 230 73 60 - 13
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc VALUE	16 023 1 667 1 823	2 597 765 613	6 153 584 920	3 022 158 171	2 650 68 86	1 044 57 18	335 29 6	168 - 9	54 6 -	2.38 1.62 1.82	44 655 3 587 4 078
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	14 258 8 37 197 281 708 1 454 5 139 3 015 2 274 1 145 577 100	2 238 - 12 35 68 173 276 865 409 286 114 \$71,900	5 351 8 19 92 147 306 658 1 975 963 777 406 \$74 400	2 710 - 6 35 50 133 239 982 650 410 205 \$77 800	2 506 - 29 16 58 135 890 520 594 264 \$84 600	955 - - 6 - 5 79 300 330 123 112 \$86 800	324 - - 333 24 88 85 59 35 \$83 000	136 - - - - 43 28 48 17 - \$78 100	38 - - - - - 11 10 8 9 \$98 000	2.41 2.00 1.84 2.19 1.99 2.09 2.19 2.36 2.71 2.68	39 869 26 73 446 503 1 408 3 797 14 119 9 318 6 567 3 612
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of household income With o mortgoge Not mortgoged Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs os percentoge of household income With o mortgoge	19 513 \$24 441 18.9 21.4 11.3 859 \$3 087 50+ 50+	3 975 \$12 747 25.8 31.0 19.1 351 \$2 738	7 657 \$24 372 16.6 21.0 10.3 238 \$2 864 50+ 50+	3 351 \$28 378 18.5 20.3 10- 103 \$4 271 50+ 50+	2 804 \$31 039 19.9 21.0 10— 95 \$4 886 50+ 50+	1 119 \$32 961 18.3 19.3 10.— 47 \$2500—	370 \$32 838 16.8 17.9 10— 17 \$8 958 50+ 50+	\$31 402 17.7 18.4 12.1 8 \$6 250	\$50 806 \$50 806 14.1 14.1 -	2.26 1.83	52 320
Not mortgoged Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	50+ 24 192 4 345	50+ 10 290	49.4 8 357 2 899	45.0 3 128 888	32.5 1 496 276	692 189	145 59	58 : 20 :	26 14	1.72 2.25	45 427 10 805
ROOMS 1 room	2 493 2 483 5 823 7 509 3 713 1 389 782 3.7	2 043 1 736 3 514 2 172 612 126 87 2.9	394 553 1 842 3 354 1 546 438 230 3.9	49 139 307 1 306 837 349 141 4.3	38 106 522 490 197 143 4.7	7 12 23 129 184 209 128 5.5	5 26 18 37 28 31 5.1	8 34 16 6.1	- - 5 - 7 8 6 5.6	1.11 1.22 1.33 1.97 2.30 2.87 3.02	2 812 3 365 8 431 15 174 8 995 4 278 2 372
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	23 440 22 437 466 537 752 710 5 37	9 673 9 673 - 617 617 -	8 258 7 898 - 360 99 65 - 34	3 110 2 925 139 46 18 15	1 478 1 339 101 38 18 13 5	692 521 129 42 - - -	145 59 55 31 - - -	58 16 34 8 - -	26 6 8 12 - -	1.75 1.70 4.43 2.25 1.11 1.08 4.00 2.04	44 525 41 048 1 956 1 521 902 807 22 73
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2	6 145 1 549 1 882 2 828 6 847 4 565 376	1 494 589 773 1 274 3 684 2 313	2 340 620 595 992 2 066 1 589 155	1 201 160 378 327 624 415 23	619 96 104 149 345 169	356 79 19 68 99 56 15	90 5 - 9 18 23 -	45 - - 9 4 - -	- 13 7 - 6	2.17 1.80 1.78 1.64 1.43 1.49	14 597 2 967 3 550 5 062 11 211 7 363 677
Specified renter-occupied housing units	23 917 516 570 1 314 2 496 3 191 4 634 3 761 3 897 3 105 433 \$339	10 203 489 435 904 1 595 1 831 2 274 1 153 768 584 170 \$294	8 280 16 91 280 575 949 1 748 1 613 1 674 1 166 168 \$362	3 058 11 17 98 225 207 419 602 810 615 54 \$394	1 477 -6 20 56 116 125 299 412 402 41 \$423	670 21 45 63 52 66 170 253 - \$452	145 - - 12 - 17 5 8 43 60 - \$471	58 - - - - 20 13 25 - \$469	26 - - - 8 11 - 7 - - 5	1.71 1.03 1.16 1.23 1.28 1.37 1.52 1.95 2.21 2.33 1.78	44 734 567 736 1 652 3 700 4 985 7 653 7 576 9 202 7 840 823
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income	24 192 \$13 554 29.2 2 605 \$3 068 50+	10 290 \$9 476 33.8 1 342 \$2 565 50+	8 357 \$16 479 26.5 741 \$3 864 50+	3 128 \$18 299 26.2 238 \$2 690 50+	1 496 \$19 364 27.6 149 \$4 205 50+	\$22 296 26.3 87 \$6 420 50+	145 \$31 759 22.3 48 \$12 857 36.7	\$8 \$28 125 19.5 - - -	\$35 625 10— — — —	1.72 1.47 	45 427

B — 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 (Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8] Table

		Medion	50.3	58.2 57.1 46.5 39.7 42.5 43.8	50.3 48.1 60.3 57.5		56 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	34.6	40.4 32.7 31.0 32.7 35.3 37.4	34.4 35.1 45.3 31.0	#8888888888 #4088888888 #6888888 #688888 #68888 #68888 #688 #688 #688 #6888 #6888 #6888 #6888 #6888 #6888 #6888 #6888 #6888 #6888 #688 #688 #68 #6
		65 yeors ond over	1 426	1 079 250 62 17 17 12 8	1411		233 233 24 24 253 30 30 31 11 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	1 433	1319	1 385 15 48	1 420 85 117 117 215 60 219 488 95 37.3
	nd present	45 to 64 yeors	1 649	844 521 139 72 33 40 1,48	164 18 8 8		1 018 679 165 165 111 107 49 49 89 22.8 339 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	1 861	1 285 367 367 140 31 27 11 1.22 2 478	1 787 . 49 . 74	1 831 78 184 279 229 229 358 375 110
	lder, no husbor	35 to 44 yeors	594	171 149 159 85 85 14 16 16 17 141	594 6		428 420 420 22 22 26 57 67 67 8 8 8 8 8	1 099	459 315 175 90 47 1.79 2 187	1 082 37 17 8	1 092 45 110 110 143 187 79 271 250 33.6
	Female householder, no husbond	25 to 34 yeors	286	238 159 81 85 185 1.85	586 5 1		337 332 332 25 25 25 43 32 151 32.7 2 5 5	2 127	1 028 622 280 280 137 39 21 1.56 3 713	2 121 49 6	2 121 150 222 272 272 277 277 461 461 32.3
		15 to 24 yeors	113	43 49 15 6 1.78 222	= 1 + 1		45. 37. 37. 5. 6. 6. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.	1 554	759 547 167 44 33 1.53 2 764	1 527 64 27 9	1 554 104 104 105 105 115 334 480 36.7
[8]		65 yeors ond over	407	347 444 16 1.09 539	407		25.7 78 19 19 19 17 17 17 17 17 18 19 10 10 10	752	653 65 65 11 16 1.08 808	659 22 93	742 977 74 122 101 101 120 129 129 27.9
sendixes A ond	present	45 to 64 years	713	443 166 87 11 1.30 1.210	709		373 314 314 314 36 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373	1 829	1 426 265 103 16 5 1 14 2 299	1 681 35 148	1 819 328 341 215 192 237 274 274 272 25.2
terms, see opp	no wife	35 to 44 yeors	574	334 140 140 83 7 7 7 6 1.36 995	574 6 -		356 314 353 353 353 353 354 27,3 12 12 12 12 10.0	1 093	680 307 65 21 20 20 1,30	1 010 54 83	1 086 125 125 132 132 121 181 222 23 23 28.3
definitions of	Mole householder	25 to 34 yeors	732	392 217 73 40 10 1.43	732 19 -		513 470 470 777 777 777 779 863 843 842 843 843 100	3 073	1 872 840 248 71 71 21 21 1.32 4 658	2 941 88 132 8	3 033 290 290 417 519 543 584 584 583 283
Infroduction. For		15 to 24 yeors	160	84 58 18 1.45 287	160		78 62 62 62 10 10 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 864	809 795 213 40 7 7 1,65 3 319	1 806 37 58 8	1 847 57 104 220 220 235 383 479 81 34.6
symbols, see in		65 years ond over	2 143	1 836 221 46 29 29 11 2.08 4 769	2 143		1 604 1 566 1 566 1 566 1 649 1 100 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	111	735 19 17 17 6 6 6 17 1 538	769 46 8 8	772 554 132 133 133 134 134 89 89 89 89 26,6
meoning of s	Se	45 to 64 yeors	5 312	2 719 1 274 755 356 208 2.48 15 935	5 302 126 10 6		4 216 1 3 260 1 5 207 610 610 231 88 231 114 353 175 956 771 87 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178	1 908	1 230 402 161 161 100 15 2.28 4 616	1 899 85 9	1 866 278 278 208 208 207 237 189 78 24.1
roduction. For	d-couple fomilie	35 to 44 years	2 568	400 479 473 473 223 3.91 10 448	2 568 35 -		2 184 6092 6092 6092 620 832 846 144 194 924 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	1 104	357 263 270 270 131 83 3.24 3 610	1 095 163 9	1 076 153 165 217 217 126 172 78 22 24.8
somple, see Int	-Worried	25 to 34 yeors	2 281	822 557 557 652 170 170 3.07 7 773	2 281 13 -		1 7.18 1 671 1 671 3006 3006 300 409 316 47 47 1 12 35 1 1.6	2 484	1 130 652 459 219 24 267 7 040	2 469 146 15	2 446 267 267 267 485 325 182 182 232 24.9
s pased on o		15 to 24 years	255	1.77 1.77 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55 1.55	247 10 8		461 252 253 41 253 253 1	1 234	377777777777777777777777777777777777777	1209	212 213 213 198 131 131 130 130 216 27.2
Data are estimates based on o somple, see Intro		Total	19 513	3 975 7 657 3 351 2 804 1 119 607 52 320	19 468 242 45 6		14 258 10 637 2 933 2 943 1 733 1 733 1 733 2 011 3 621 1 588 1 588 1 588 1 588 1 588 1 588 1 1 88 1 8 1	24 192	10 290 8 357 3 128 1 496 229 1.72 45 427	23 440 1 003 752 42	23 917 2 308 3 147 3 6 147 2 959 4 546 4 546 7 78 29 2
1 L		Reno city	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT person pe	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	With a mortigage	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified reinter-occupied housing units. Less thon 15 percent. 20 to 20 percent. 30 to 34 percent. 30 to 34 percent. 30 percent. 30 percent. 30 percent. 30 percent. 30 percent. 31 may be percent. 32 percent. 33 to 44 percent. 34 medion.

Table B—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Mole householder								Femole hou	seholder	holder						
Reno city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over					
Owner-occupied housing units	3 975	1 600	84	392	334	443	347	2 375	43	238	171	844	1 079					
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 952 23	1 600	84 -	392 -	334	443	347 -	2 352 23	43	238	171 -	836 8	1 064 15					
UN!TS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	2 597 765 613	1 007 348 245	42 36 6	279 75 38	243 58 33	205 124 114	238 55 54	1 590 417 368	5 17 21	112 95 31	107 54 10	564 128 152	802 123 154					
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,5000 to \$19,999. \$25,000 to \$19,999. \$25,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more	609 825 516 380 655 370 281 167 172 \$12 747 \$16 937	120 174 179 150 286 208 223 117 143 \$17 418 \$24 146	6 19 25 14 13 - 7 - - \$11 700 \$12 417	13 13 26 40 60 81 72 28 59 \$21 746 \$28 726	25 15 42 14 84 58 31 32 33 \$19 145 \$24 439	31 48 50 47 74 58 79 32 24 \$17 031 \$24 180	45 79 36 35 55 11 34 25 27 \$13 464 \$21 488	489 651 337 230 369 162 58 50 29 \$10 352 \$12 080	5 20 5 - 13 - - - 5 7 062 \$9 923	17 4 51 60 72 13 - 7 14 \$14 458 \$16 893	5 33 19 36 38 20 - 20 - \$14 479 \$16 583	94 250 140 92 157 73 32 - 6 \$11 393 \$12 547	368 344 122 42 89 56 26 23 9 \$7 222 \$10 025					
OWNER COSTS	2 238 1 211 59 93 164 113 176 193 136	890 660 24 31 43 42 97 146 74	35 27 	255 243 - 14 12 37 57 31 50	189 174 - 8 - 13 24 50 32 26	186 143 - 7 15 17 23 33 5	225 73 24 16 14 - 13 - 6	1 348 551 35 62 121 71 79 47 62 51	5 5 - - 5 - -	80 80 6 - 7 13 13 24 11	77 69 - 6 5 - 14 5 6 21	456 229 10 42 64 20 32 18 26 17	730 168 19 14 40 38 20 - 19					
\$750 or more Medion Not morigaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	125 \$400 1 027 - 27 130 205 209 195	102 \$450 230 6 37 57 42 38	\$750+ 8- - - 8- 8-	42 \$505 12 - - 5 -	21 \$478 15 - - 8 - -	24 \$424 43 - 6 13 4 - 7	\$239 152 - 16 48 34 31	23 \$340 797 - 21 93 148 167 157	\$275 - - - - - - -	6 \$402 - - - - - - -	\$575 8 - - - - - 8	\$299 227 15 52 71 45	5 \$314 562 - 21 78 96 96					
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage Not mortgaged	140 121 \$143 25.8 31.0 19.1	25 25 \$134 24.6 30.4 10.6	\$138 44.2 50+ 12.5	28.7 28.6 50+	32.1 33.1 10—	13 - \$116 23.1 30.8 13.9	12 11 \$134 12.2 22.8 10—	26.6 32.1 22.4	27.5 27.5	31.0 31.0	\$175 30.2 31.9 10—	37 7 \$141 22.0 27.3 16.9	78 89 \$147 27.8 49.0 24.9					
Percent below poverty level	351 8.8	67 4.2	Ξ	13 3.3	18 5.4	24 5.4	3.5	284 12.0	11.6	11 4.6	=	65 7.7	203 18.8					
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	9 673 617	5 440 4 957 483	766 43	1 8 72 1 748 124	680 605 75	1 426 1 278 148	653 560 93	4 850 4 716 134	759 741 18	1 028	459 450 9	1 285 1 217 68	1 319 1 280 39					
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2	1 494 589 773 1 274 3 684 2 313 163	827 284 365 627 2 075 1 145	165 27 40 68 338 147 24	311 126 179 220 625 382 29	106 13 33 73 299 156	154 93 66 170 555 337 51	91 25 47 96 258 123	667 305 408 647 1 609 1 168 46	106 40 80 82 352 99	148 51 107 144 355 223	50 30 40 59 165 104	169 77 105 135 474 313 12	194 107 76 227 263 429 23					
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$40,000 to \$40,999 \$40,000 to \$40,999 \$40,000 or more Medion	2 259 3 214 1 633 932 1 221 475 314 124 118 \$9 476 \$11 077	1 016 1 478 911 535 760 311 246 109 74 \$10 620 \$12 455	184 270 204 39 105 7 - - - \$8 787 \$8 680	255 425 376 281 290 145 63 30 7 \$11 702 \$12 402	103 192 98 65 137 46 25 7 7 7 \$11 148 \$14 045	172 348 204 142 206 93 144 72 45 \$12 365 \$15 678	302 243 29 8 22 20 14 - 15 \$5 450 \$8 586	1 243 1 736 722 397 461 164 68 15 44 \$8 447 \$9 532	210 287 144 69 45 4 - - - \$8 198 \$7 944	85 302 230 130 165 66 40 - 10 \$11 380 \$12 498	48 178 70 63 66 34 - - - \$10 125 \$10 749	208 552 215 101 138 37 8 8 18 \$9 011 \$10 215	692 417 63 34 47 23 20 7 16 \$4 858 \$7 047					
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 5100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10 203 489 435 904 1 595 1 831 2 274 1 153 768 584 170 \$294	5 393 175 264 574 993 811 1 198 613 418 261 86 \$291	803 - 9 84 154 80 248 94 108 5 21 \$313	1 851 - 9 87 370 364 509 224 158 120 10 \$309	680 11 22 95 117 77 160 72 68 49 9 \$304	1 416 33 98 163 275 270 223 179 62 87 26 \$274	643 131 126 145 77 20 58 44 22 - 20 \$157	4 810 314 171 330 602 1 076 540 350 323 84 \$297	759 -9 34 117 208 201 100 51 39 - \$303	1 022 	459 17 4 31 66 83 124 44 46 44 - \$311	1 259 46 33 93 207 295 240 110 103 89 43 \$285	1 311 251 125 120 154 158 201 122 62 96 22 \$249					
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	33.8 1 342 13.0	30.7 560 10.3	39.5 134 16.6	30.8 183 9.8	31.0 60 8.8	25.6 82 5.8	28.6 101 15.5	36.9 782 16.1	48.1 155 20.4	33.7 55 5.4	34.8 35 7.6	34.3 160 12.5	38.9 377 28.6					

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			of committee based on a sample, see infradediction.			Transfer opposite to the contract of				
	Reno city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Reno city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
	Vocant for sale only housing units	813	389	402	22	Vacant for rent housing units	2 285	1 435	633	217
	ROOMS					ROOMS				
	1 to 3 rooms	86 191 309 128 84 15 4.9	76 77 87 64 70 15 5.0	10 111 209 58 14 - 4.9	- 3 13 6 - 5.1	1 room	228 239 457 817 460 68 16	183 119 349 585 143 47 9	34 69 108 206 197 12 7 4.0	11 51 - 26 120 9 - 4.7
	PLUM-BING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES	0.0	0.0	7.0	7./
	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use BEDROOMS	813 -	389 -	402 -	22 -	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 149 136	1 315 120	624 9	210
:	None	37 47 387 283 54 5	37 27 130 144 46 5	- 17 248 129 8 -	- 3 9 10 - -	BEDROOMS None	265 663 1 110 240	217 394 727 97	37 203 280 106	11 66 103 37
•	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	7	-	7	-
	1975 to Morch 1980	492 36 222 26 15 22	170 31 154 11 9	310 5 62 15 2 8	12 - 6 - 4 -	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	1 248 404 166 192 79 196	772 259 98 90 64 152	282 129 65 102 15 40	194 16 3 - - 4
•	1, detoched or ottoched	386	185	179	22	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
	2 or more Mobile home or troiler HEATING EQUIPMENT	365 62	172 32	193 30	=	1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4	280 42 151	140 34 98	127 8 24	13
1	Centrol heoting system	728 81 4	318 71 -	392 10 -	18 - 4	5 to 9	155 1 196 426 35	80 740 327 16	75 281 99 19	175 - -
	PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
	Specified vacont for sole only housing units Less than \$10,000	288 4 - 6 -	165 - - 6 -	113 - - - -	10 4 - -	Specified vecent for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	2 285 - 5 108	1 435 - 5 59	633 - - 22	217 - - 27
	\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999	6 41 142 47	102 21	6 35 40 26	6 -	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	309 492 1 072 299	263 268 688 152	39 155 285 132	7 69 99 15
	\$100,000 or more	\$73 500	36 \$75 100	6 \$63 100	\$50 800	Medion	\$321	\$323	\$325	\$304

: Table B — 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

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			Price osked	—Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d — Specified	d vocont for	rent housing	g units	
4	Reno city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollors)
	Total	288	4	6	6	230	42	73 500	2 285	-	113	801	1 072	299	321
	PLUMBING FACILITIES														
•	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	288	4 -	6	<u>6</u>	230	42 –	73 500 -	2 149 136	Ξ	86 27	700 101	1 064 8	299 -	327 215
	BEDROOMS														
4	None	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	265 663	-	38 52	214 409	13 190	12	220 283
=	3	84 145	-	6	- 6	72 113	6 22	61 700 74 800	1 110 240	Ξ	17	160	770 99	163 117	360 394
۰	4 5 or more	54 5	- -	Ξ	-	45	9 5	78 300 200000+	7	=	- -	- -	-	7	450
	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
9	1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	169 18	_	-	-	158 12	11	73 200 78 300	1 248 404	_	30 10	314 154	692 ⁻ 209	212 31	355 311
	1960 to 1969	41 26	Ξ	=	- 6	30 14	11	73 300 62 000	166 192	_	13 10	72 102	51 62	30 18	298 289
	1940 to 1949	12 22	4	- 6	-	8	- 8	70 000 78 100	79 196	Ξ	16 34	44 115	19 39	8	257 245
	UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
	1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	288	4	6	6	230	42	73 500	280 1 970	-	12	97	80	91 194	329 320
	Mobile home or troiler	•••					:::		35	-	94 7	699 5	983 9	14	381

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A-1
STATES	A-1
PLACES	A-1
Incorporated Places	A-1
Census Designated Places	A-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN	
STATISTICAL AREAS	A-1
Definition	A-1
SMSA Titles	A-1
New SMSA Standards	A-2
BOUNDARY CHANGES	A-2
AREA MEASUREMENT.	Δ_2

REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's.

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the Federal Register on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

GENERAL	B-1	Persons	B-6
LIVING QUARTERS		Rooms	B-6
	B-1	Persons Per Room	B-6
Housing Units	B-1	Bedrooms	B-6
Comparability With 1970		STRUCTURAL	D 0
Census Housing Unit Data	B-2		
Group Quarters	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
Comparability With 1970 Cen-		Year Structure Built	B-6
sus Group Quarters Data	B-2	Units in Structure	B-6
Rules for Hotels, Room-		Stories in Structure	B-6
ing Houses, Etc	B-2	Passenger Elevator	B-6
Staff Living Quarters	B-2	PLUMBING	
Year-Round Housing Units	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY		Plumbing Facilities	B-6
CHARACTERISTICS	B-2	Comparability With 1970	D-0
Occupied Housing Units	B-2	Census Plumbing Facilities	
Householder		Data	B-6
Child	B-2		
Nonrelative	B-2	EQUIPMENT AND FUELS	B-6
Age of Householder	B-3	Heating Equipment	B-6
Household Type	B-3	Comparability With 1970	
Year Householder Moved	B-3	Census Heating Equipment	
Into Unit	D 2	Data	B-6
Vacant Housing Units	B-3	Air Conditioning	B-7
Vacancy Status	B-3	Vehicles Available	B-7
Duration of Vacancy	B-3 B-3	Comparability With 1970	
Tenure		Census Automobiles	
Condominium Housing Units	B-3 B-3	Available Data	B-7
Comparability With 1970	b-3	Fuels Used for House Heating	
Census Condominium		and Water Heating	B-7
Housing Unit Data	B-3	FINANCIAL	
Race of the Householder	B-3	CHARACTERISTICS	B-7
Comparability Between Sam-	D-3	Value	B-7
ple and 100-Percent Data		Price Asked	B-7
for Race of the Householder.	B-4	Mortgage Status and Selected	
Comparability With 1970	5-4	Monthly Owner Costs	B-7
Census Data on Race of the		Mortgage Status and Selected	_
Householder	B-4	Monthly Owner Costs as a	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin of	5-4	Percentage of House-	
the Householder	B-5	hold Income in 1979	B-7
Limitations of the Data	D -3	Rent	B-7
on Householders of		Gross Rent as a Percentage	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	of Household Income	
Comparability Between	D 3	in 1979	B-8
Sample and 100-Percent		Household Income in 1979	B-8
Data on Householders of		Median Income	B-8
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Comparability With 1970	
Comparability With 1970	5 3	Census Income Data	B-8
Census Data on House-		Poverty Status in 1979	B-8
holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5	GLITERAL	
opariion Heritage	D - 0		

B-6

The 1980 census was conducted primarily

through self-enumeration. The principal

UTILIZATION

CHARACTERISTICS

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data-In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc. - Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units - Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder-One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child - A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C. Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups. both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979—Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income 'in kind' from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

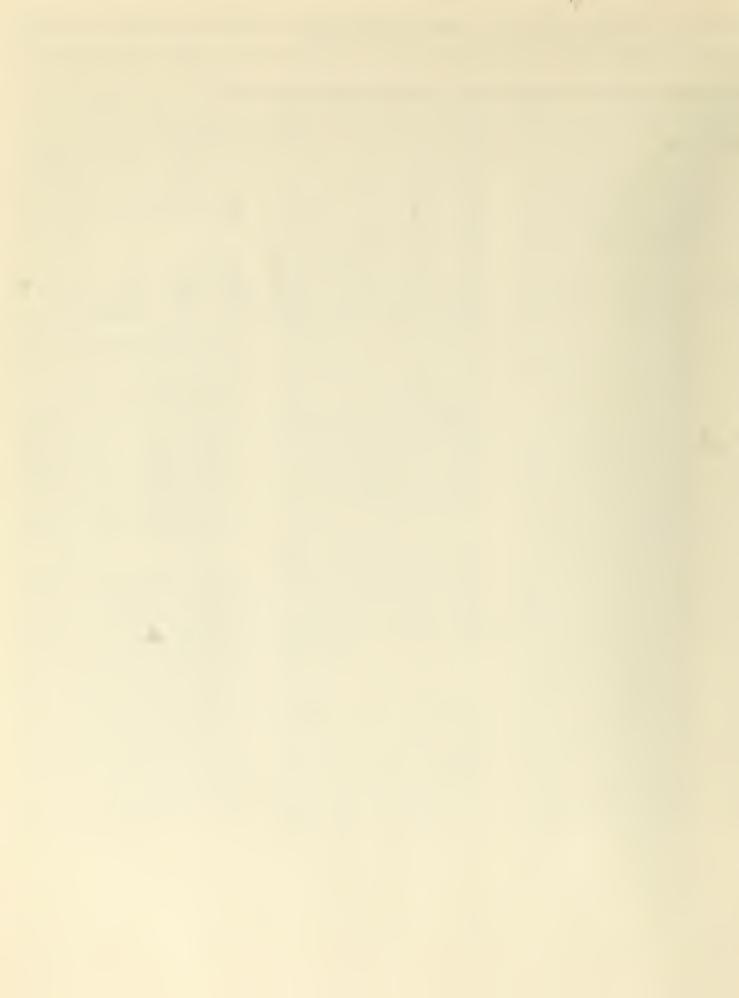
Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

ates of Pamilu Weit	Weighted average									
Size of Family Unit	thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686			•••					
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	•••		• • •				
65 years and over	3,479	3,479		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •	••••
2 persons	4,723	4,723		•••						
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •						
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844						
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382				• • •	
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525				1
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			
7 persons	11, 237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed. "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

INTRODUCTION D-	-1
SAMPLE DESIGN D-	-1
ERRORS IN THE DATA D-	-1
Calculation of Standard Errors . D-	-2
Totals and Percentages D-	-2
Differences D-	
Means D-	-2
Medians D-	
Confidence Intervals D-	-3
Use of Tables to Compute	
Standard Errors D-	-3
ESTIMATION PROCEDURE D-	-3
CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING	
ERROR D-	-5
Undercoverage D-	-5
Respondent and Enumerator	
Error D-	-5
Processing Error D-	-6
Nonresponse D-	-6
EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE	
DATA D-	-6
ALLOCATION TABLES D-	
ALLOGATION TABLES D-	U

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the Two sampling rates were emperson. ployed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for- the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se $(x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group Persons in Housing Units With a

Family With Own Children

	raining river our onnaron
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children

6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female
9-16	Same age categories as
	groups 1 to 8

Black Race

17-32

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

Same age and sex cate-

gories as groups 1 to 16

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group Housing Units With a Family

•	,
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family
	Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	`
	All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

in housing unit

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

	9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
	17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
		Renter White Race Persons of Spanish Origin
	81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter No Cash Rent
		Persons not of Spanish origin
	92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
	103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
0	125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
-		American Indian, Eskimo,

or Aleut Race

to 102

Same rent-Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

147-168

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin

9-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was for the reported preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							Slze	e of public	cation area	<u>2</u> / a				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	_	_	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	_	_	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	_	_	_	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	_	_	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	_	_	_	_	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	_	_	~	-	_	_	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	٠,	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	-					Base	of percen	1/ itage					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

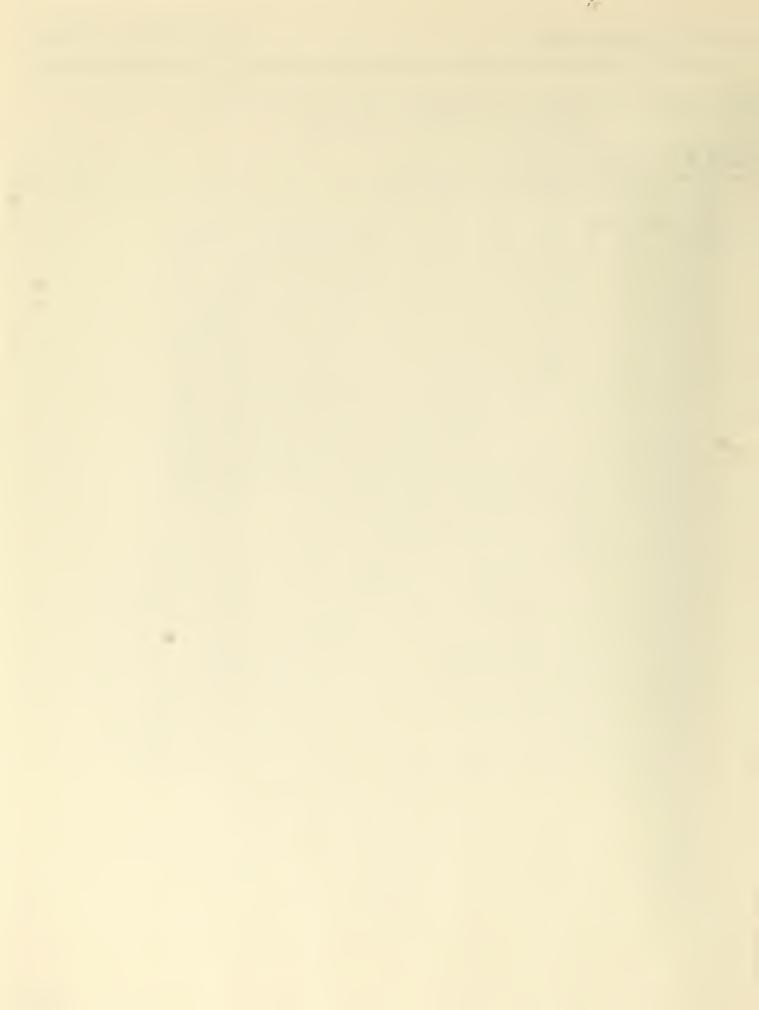
[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.7
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.0	0.9	0.6
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.0	1.0	0.6
Tenure	1.2	0.8	0.7
Units in structure	1.0	0.9	0.6
Stories in structure	0.9	0.9	0.6
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.9	0.6
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.6
Year structure built	1.1	0.9	0.6
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.6
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.6
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.7
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.7
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.6
Air conditioning	1.3	0.9	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	0.8	0.6
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.8	0.6
Gross rent as a percentage of household	1.1	0.8	0.6
income in 1979	, , ,		
Mortgage status and selected	1.1	0.9	0.6
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.6
Household Income		1.1	0.6
Poverty status: Housing	1.1		3.0
Existence of complete plumbing for			
exclusive use with 1.01 persons	1.1	0.7	0.6
per room or more	1.0	1.0	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Housing units			
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent			
The SMSA	86 051	14.4		
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's				
Reno city	47 380	14.2		



Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to e monthly amount; end then fill the appropriete circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other wee	k 2
,	

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garege. Attached means thet the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered e room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished besements or unfinished ettics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as e story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, end is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in epertment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark

A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses
or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is instelled and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briguettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total emount for the pest 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills ere unpeid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cers and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "nortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

 This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mai. Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable				
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturin				
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store				
Oil company	Retail gas station				
Ranch	Cattle ranch				

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29 a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable		
Clerk	Production clerk		
Helper	Carpenter's helper		
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic		
Nurse	Registered nur se		

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

pleese w	drese shown b	t epartment	number o	r locetion h	iere:
DO	A1	A2	A4	A5 L	A6

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2 Please continue ___

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- · Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

	 	 	 	_
*******				_
	 	 		_

Mata

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20

		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2
lere are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	est name	Lest name
UESTIONS		First name Middle initial	First name Middle initie
\	person listed in Question 1.		If relative of person in column 1:
		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose	O Husband/wife O Father/mother Other relative
		name the home is owned or rented. If there	O Brother/sister
		is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee
Sex Fill on	e circle.	O Male Female	O Male Female
4. Is this pers		White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chine'se Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Print tribe →	 White Black or Negro Japanese Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe
5. Age, and n	nonth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday 1	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday
a. Print age a	t last birthday.		1 0 8 0 0 0 0
	th and fill one circle.	b. Month of 1 • 8 0	h Month of 90 10 10
	in the spaces, and fill one circle	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0
6. Marital sta	atus	5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	O Jan.—Mar. O Apr.—June O July—Sept. O Oct.—Dec. O Now married O Widowed O Never married O Midowed O Never married
Fill one circ	cle.	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	O Divorced
7. Is this per	rson of Spanish/Hispanic descent?	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican
Fill one cir	rcle.	Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended any time?	oruary 1, 1980, has this person regular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, elementary school, and schooling which igh school diploma or college degree.	Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
9. What is t regular s attended	he highest grade (or year) of chool this person has ever ?	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year)	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
Fill one cl	rcle.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	000000000000
nerson is	ending school, mark grade in. If high school was finished lency test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	
grade (person finish the highest or year) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)
FIII one	CITCIE.	CENSUS A. OI ON OO	CENSUS A. OI ON OO

	NOW PLFASE ANSW	/ER QUESTIONS H1—H12 Page 3
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, FOR YOU!	R HOUSEHOLD
First name Middle initial If relative of person in column 1:	please see note on page 20. H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? O No O Yes, a condominium
O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative O Brother/sister	Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now —	H10. If this is a one-family house — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? O Yes No
If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Paid employee	for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? O Yes No
O Male Female O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. No	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?
O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Print tribe →	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters 5 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is — • A mobile home or trailer • A house on 10 or more acres • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
a. Age at last birthday 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters	○ Less than \$10,000 \$50,000 to \$54,999 ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$60,000 to \$64,999 ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999 ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70,000 to \$74,999 ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 9 July—Sept. 8 0 8 0	This is a mobile home or trailer H5. Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	\$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more
Oct.—Dec. 9 i 9 O Now married Separated Widowed Never married Divorced	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower? Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent. Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicang Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room 0 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms	\$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 \$190 to \$199 \$80 to \$89 \$90 to \$99 \$225 to \$224
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	\$100 to \$109
Highest grade attended: Nursery school Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year, 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A4. Block number A6. Serial number B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant up	D. Months vacant F. Total persons ound use D. Less than 1 month 1 up to 2 months 1 up to 2 mont
College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more O O O O O O O Never attended school -Skip question 10 Now attending this grade (or year)	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø O Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	C3, and D. ○ 2 up to 6 months ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □
O Finished this grade (or year) O Did not finish this grade (or year) CENSUS USE ONLY A. O I O N O O	GGG GGG Group quarters O Other	1. 0 0 Mail return 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9

2 Mikish haat daayihaa this buildlag?	ALSO ANSWER THESE	CENSUS
3. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	USE
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	O Gas: from underground pipes O Coal or coke	H22a.
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Wood Wood	1
A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Clectricity Other fuel	0 0 0
A building for 2 families	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 2 2
A building for 3 or 4 families		3 3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9 9
A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	5 5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood	6 6 6
A building for 50 or more families	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	7 7 7
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Electricity O No fuel used	888
	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
La. How many stories (floors) are in this building? Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	Gas: from underground pines	000
	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	I I I
1 to 3 — Skip to H15 7 to 12 4 to 6 13 or more stories	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Wood Other fuel	8 8 8
O 4 to 6 O 13 or more stories	© Electricity © No fuel used	3 3 3
to to the control of the state	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9- 9- 9-
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5
O Yes O No	a. Electricity	6 6 6
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	2 7 7 8 8 8
a. Is this building —	Average monthly cost © Electricity not used	9 9 9
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	b. Gas	
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Gas not used	000
	Average monthly cost	1 1 1
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	S S S
from this place amount to —		3 3 3
O Less than \$50 (or None) O \$250 to \$599 O \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	4 4 4
○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 6 6
Do you get water from —	Yearly cost O These fuels not used	8 8 8
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9 9
An individual drilled well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	
 An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, clstern, etc.)? 	O Yes No	H22d.
		0000
7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	5555
Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	3333
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	9-9-9-9-
No, use other means	○`1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	5555
B. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	7777
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	8888
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	1 9 9 9 9
O 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
When did the person listed in column 1 move into	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
this house (or apartment)?	0 1 complete bathroom	0000
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	IIIII
1979 of 1980 1950 1959 1950 to 1978 1950 or earlier	2 or more complete pathrooms	8888
○ 1970 to 1974	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3 3 3 3
O 1960 to 1969	O Yes O No	9999
		5555
. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	2 7 7 7
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	8888
O Steam or hot water system	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	9999
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
	O No	0000
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	1111
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	NZO, NOW MANY AUTOMOBIES SIE KEPT AT MONTE FOI USE DY MEMBERS	5555
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed in wall, ceilling,	of your household?	
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	of your household?	3 3 3 3
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard)	of your household? None 2 automobiles	3 3 3 3
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles	3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)	of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, ceilling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6

Please answer H30-H32 If you live in a one-family house	P					
which you own or are buying, unless this is -						
A mobile home or trailer						
A house on 10 or more acres	rent your unit or this is a					
A condominium unit	skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.					
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property						
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.					
\$.00 OR O None	\$.00 OR O No regular payment required — Skip i					
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include					
\$.00 OR O None	payments for real estate taxes on this property?					
	O Yes, taxes included in payment					
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required					
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?					
O Yes, contract to purchase	Yes, insurance included in payment					
O No — Skip to page 6	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance					
. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?						
O Yes O No						
	Please turn to page 6					
FOR CENSU	JS USE ONLY					
	① 2. 4. ② 2. 4. ③ 2. 4.					
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age 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of Person 1 on page 2: Last name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No b. Attending college? Yes No	22a. Did this person work at any time last week? Yes — Fill this circle if this ONO — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) NO — Fill this circle if this person did not work, or did only own housework, or obline work, or volunteer work.
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.		b. How many hours did this person work last week
12. If this person was born in a foreign country – a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	(at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
Yes, a naturalized citizen No, not a citizen	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?	Hours
Born abroad of American parents	If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.	23. At what location did this person work <u>last week?</u> If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	Yes No — Skip to 19	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.
O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959	b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.	
O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950	O Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975)	a. Address (Number and street)
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?	 February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) 	If street address is not known, enter the building name,
Yes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	world war I (April 1917-November 1918)	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language?	O Any other time 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other	
	health condition which has lasted for 6 or more	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal)
(For example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	months and which a. Limits the kind or amount Yes No	limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
c. How well does this person speak English?	of work this person can do at a job?	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
○ Very well ○ Not well ○ Well ○ Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? O c. Limits or prevents this person	d. County
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about	from using public transportation?	
how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	20. If this person is a female - None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever	e. State f. ZIP Code
	had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more	24a. <u>Last week</u> , how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	or children she has adopted.	Minutes
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago	a. Has this person been married more than once?	b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one
(April 1, 1975)?	Once O More than once	usually used for most of the distance.
If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	b. Month and year Month and year of marriage? of first marriage?	○ Car ○ Taxicab ○ Truck ○ Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for	The second secon	O Van O Bicycle
O Yes, this house - Skip to 16	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	Bus or streetcar Walked only Railroad Worked at home
No, different house	c. If married more than once - Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	○ Subway or elevated ○ Ôther — Specify
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	O Yes O No	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country,	11,11 - 2111111111111111	S USE ONLY
Puerto Rico,	Per. 11.	15b. 23. 0 VL 24a. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Guam, etc.:		
(2) County:	8 8 <td>2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</td>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
(3) City, town,		444 444 444 444 444 44
village, etc.:	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	555 555 555 555 55 666 666 666 666 666 6
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?	7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
O Yes O No, in unincorporated area	999 999 999 999	999 999 999 999 99

SON 1 ON PAGE 2	1			Pa
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually —	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS	USE ONLY
 Drive alone — Skip to 28 Share driving Drive others only Ride as passenger only 	21b.	○ Yes ■ ○ No — Skip to 31d	31b. 31e	
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100			
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 2 2	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?		5 5 S
0 2 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.		3 3 3
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	0 9.9.	Weeks		9- 9- 9-
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	III 5 5			5 5 5
. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	0 6 6	c. During the weeks <u>worked</u> in 1979, how many hours did this person usually work each week?		6 6 7
or business <u>last week?</u>	IV e e		1 1	8 8
 Yes, on layoff Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. 	000	Hours	9 9	9 9
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many w	eks 32a.	32b.
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks		was this person looking for work or on layoff from a join		
	I I	Weeks	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	SS		8888	8888
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	33	32. Income in 1979	3 3 3 3	
O No, already has a job	5 5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	5555	1 ' ' '
No, temporarily ill No, ethor reasons (in school atc.)	6 6	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	6666	
No, other reasons (in school, etc.)Yes, could have taken a job	7 1	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	7777	7777
	9.5	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	8888	
When did this person last work, even for a few days?		following sources?	A 0	1
0 1980 0 1978 0 1970 to 1974 Skip to		If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.	32d.
1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier Never worked	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	0000	1
	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	IIII	1111
-30. Current or most recent job activity Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bo dues, or other items.		8888
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	O V	3333	1
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	O No	5555	
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	200	(Annual amount – Dollars)	6666	
Industry	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	7 7 7 7	i i
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	0.00	practice Report net income after business expenses.	8888	
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	○ Yes → \$.00	O A C	i -
	l l I	(Annual amount – Dollars)		
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	100	c. Own farm Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings of	32e.	32f.
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	3 ×	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	0000	
Describe the activity at location where employed.		○ Yes → \$.00	8 8 8	
	CO	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	3 3 3	
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	1.2	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	C 9- 9	
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	20	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	555	
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	AF O	⊃ Yes → \$.00	7 7 7	
Manufacturing Retail trade Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction,	NW O	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	8 8	
service, government, etc.)	-	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	999	999
Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	○ Yes → \$.00	32g.	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doing:	NPQ	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	0000	0000
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	000	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with	1 1 1 1	IIII
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	3333	3333
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments	9-0-9-0-	0-0-0-0-
	UVW	○ Yes → \$.00	5 5 5 5	5555
(For example Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	6666	6666
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	8888	8888
Employee of private company, business, or	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other source		
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritan		O A O
Federal government employee	I I	or the sale of a home.	1 1	IIII
State government employee	3 3	→ ○ Yes → § .00		5 5 5 5
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	3 3 3	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	3 3 3	3 3 3 3
Self-employed in own business,	555			9 9 9
	666	33. What was this person's total income in 1979? Add entries in questions 32a		5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
professional practice, or farm —			000	0 000
Own business not incorporated	7 : 7	through g; subtract any losses. \$.00	77 7	7 7 7 7
	7 : 7	I 000		7 7 7 8 8 8 8



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GE	NERAL	PUBLICATIONS-Con.	
١	JBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
	Population and Housing Census		F-4
	Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	
	PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	Reports	F-4
	PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference	
	PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports	F-4
	teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and	
	Units and Standard Metro-	Research Reports	F-4
	politan Statistical Areas F-2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	F–4
	PHC80-4, Congressional		F-4
	Districts of the 98th		F-4
	Congress F-2		4
	PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
	Estimates of Social, Eco-	Index of Industries and	F-4
	nomic, and Housing		. –4
	Characteristics F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified	
	PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Index of Industries and Occupations	F-4
	mates of Social, Economic,	PHC80-R5, Geographic	
	and Housing Characteristics . F-2	Identification Code	
	Population Census Reports F-2	Scheme	F_1
	PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		
	teristics of the Population F-2	COMPUTER TAPES	
	PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files	F-4
	ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1	F-4
	PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2	
	Population Characteristics F-2	STF 3	
	PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4	
	Social and Economic	STF 5	
	Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
	PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Population	
	Detailed Population	Counts	F-5
	Characteristics F-3	Master Area Reference Files	
	PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		F-5
	Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual	
	PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Map Encoding	
	Reports F-3	(GBF/DIME)	F-5
	Housing Census Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata	
	HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Samples	F-5
	teristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File	
	HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS	
	General Housing	MICROFICHE	F-5
	Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche	F-5
	HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
	Detailed Housing	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	F-5
	Characteristics F-3		
	HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-		
	politan Housing	OFNED AL	
	Characteristics F-3	GENERAL	
	HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	The results of the 1000 Comment D	00.
	Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census of P	
	HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in t	
	nents of Inventory Change. F-3	forms: printed reports, computer	tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices: U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

sus of Popued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A. B. C. and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and crossclassifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide,

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3-This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places. census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

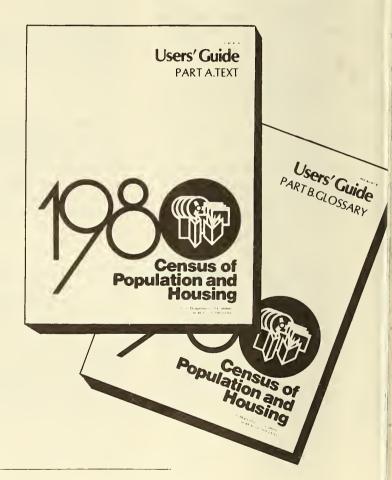
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

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